High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection Revision 2.2 on DisplayPort Compliance Test Specification

Revision 1.1

4 November 2016

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Acknowledgement

Teledyne Lecroy Inc. contributed to the development of this specification.

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Revision History

25 August 2016 – Version 1.0. Adapting for DisplayPort.

4 November 2016 – Version 1.1 Updating as per the other contributors comments.

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Introduction

Purpose and Scope

This document specifies test procedures that will be used to test devices for compliance with the HDCP2.2 DisplayPort Specification Revision 2.2.

Tests are specified for HDCP2.2 DP Source, HDCP2.2 DP Sink, and HDCP2.2 DP Repeater devices.

Normative References

Digital Content Protection, LLC, "High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection System – DisplayPort", Revision 2.2.

Definitions

Acronyms and Abbreviations

CDF Capabilities Declaration Form. This is a questionnaire that the supplier of the

DUT fills out prior to the testing phase. It provides additional information about the device, its modes, and its intended operation. The CDF will be maintained

on the DCP Website (www.digital-cp.com/compliance).

DUT Device Under Test

PCP Product Capability Parameter

TE Test Equipment

TRF Test Results Form

HPD assert Hot plug, CONNECTION_STATUS_NOTIFY and IRQ_HPD are collectively referred

to as Receiver Connected Indication in this specification.

HPD de-assert Hot Unplug is referred to as Receiver Disconnected Indication in this

Specification.

Glossary of Terms

WARNING DUT's operation did not meet expectations, but because this test only tests for

compliance with recommendations, it cannot be treated as a failure.

PASS No error(s) were detected in the DUT's operation, although the DUT may have

WARNING item(s).

FAIL Error(s) were detected in the DUT's operation.

Product Capability Parameters (PCP)

The PCP provides information about the behavior of the product under certain conditions and is requested from HDCP Adopters who wish to have their products tested. Information contained in the PCP is necessary to ensure accurate test reports.

Source Capability

Source_MultipleOutputs Does the DUT support transmission of HDCP-protected content

to more than one downstream device at the same time? (Y/N)

MST_Capable Does the DUT support MST configuration. (Y/N)

SST Does the DUT support SST configuration. (Y/N)

CP_IRQ Does source support processing of CP_IRQ as per the HDCP2.2

spec. (Y/N)

Source_EncDisableBootstrapping Does the DUT implement encryption disable bootstrapping

when encryption is temporarily disabled?(Y/N)

Sink Capability

Sink EncDisableBootstrapping Does the DUT implement encryption disable bootstrapping

when encryption is temporarily disabled?(Y/N)

Repeater Capability

Repeater_MultipleOutputs Does the DUT support transmission of HDCP-protected content

to more than one downstream device at the same time? (Y/N)

HDCP2.2 DisplayPort Compliance Test Specification

The HDCP DisplayPort Test Specification uses Pseudo-sinks, Pseudo-repeaters and Pseudo-source TEs to test corresponding source, sink and repeater DUTs. The TEs simulate the behavior of sources, sinks and repeaters and can be configured to test the behavior of the DUTs under normal and error conditions.

1. Transmitter Test

Transmitters (Source DUTs) are tested for compliance with the specification by connecting them to Receivers (TE pseudo-Sink) and Repeaters (TE pseudo-Repeater).

Note: The source is required to play protected content; thus requiring HDCP to be enabled. The Content Stream to be played does not have any output restrictions (Type = 0).

1A. Downstream procedure with Receiver

In these tests, a DisplayPort HDCP2.2 Receiver (TE pseudo-Sink) is connected to the Transmitter (DUT).

The operations of the DUT under 1, 2 and 4-lane Main Link configurations are tested.

1A-01. Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)

Test Objective

Verify the Transmitter's implementation of the HDCP protocol when an HDCP Receiver (that was previously connected) is attached.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

☐ Connect TE (pseudo-Sink) to the downstream HDCP-protected Interface Port of DUT



Note: Upon initial connection, TE should authenticate and complete pairing with the DUT before proceeding

<Configuration of TE>

Message:	Parameter:	Value:
Authentication and Key Exchange		
AKE_Send_Cert	RxCaps:REPEATER	FALSE(0)
	RxCaps:HDCP_CAPABLE	TRUE(1)
		Valid (within 100ms
	cert _{rx}	timeout)
	r	Valid (within 100ms
	r _{rx}	timeout)
AKE_Send_H_prime	H'	Valid (within 200ms
		timeout)
Pairing		
AVE Sand Dairing Info	E _{kh} _k _m	Valid (used only for first
AKE_Send_Pairing_Info		time)
Locality Check		
LC_Send_L_prime	L'	Valid (within 7ms timeout)

<Test Case>

[Before Starting Authentication]

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- ☐ TE transmits Receiver Connected Indication(Hot plug, CONNECTION_STATUS_NOTIFY and IRQ_HPD) (Ref-1A-1)
- ☐ DUT Should read HDCP CAPABLE bit RxCaps register. (Ref-1A-1)
- ☐ DUT may begin transmitting low value, unencrypted signal with HDCP Encryption disabled
 - ➤ If DUT begins the Authentication and Key Exchange without sending unencrypted video signal, then WARNING (Ref-1A-2)
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP 1A-01-2)

- ☐ DUT initiates authentication by transmitting AKE Init
 - ➤ If DUT does not write AKE_Init within 10 seconds of TE transmitting Receiver Connected Indication, then FAIL (Ref-1A-3)
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)

(STEP 1A-01-3)

- ☐ TE makes AKE Send Cert message available.
- ☐ If DUT attempts to read AKE_Send_Cert sooner than 100ms after writing the AKE_Init message, then WARNING(Ref-1A-3)
- ☐ DUT sends AKE_Stored_km message or AKE_No_Stored_Km message
 - If DUT sends AKE_No_Stored_km message,
 - NOTE ("DUT does not appear to implement persistent pairing for faster authentication")
 - TE computes H' and sends AKE Send H Prime message with 1sec
 - TE generates Ekh(Km) and sends AKE_Send_pairing_Info message within 200ms.
 - ➤ If DUT sends AKE Stored km message
 - TE computes H' and sets H'_AVAILABLE status bit in RxStatus register and creates the CP_IRQ interrupt to send AKE_Send_H_Prime message within 200ms timeout at the transmitter.

➤ If DUT does not send AKE_Stored_km or AKE_No_Stored_km message within 5 Seconds, then FAIL (Ref-1A-4)

[Locality Check]

(STEP 1A-01-4)

- ☐ DUT sends LC_Init message
 - ➤ If DUT does not send LC_Init message within 5seconds of AKE_Send_H_prime or AKE_Send_Pairing_Info message, then FAIL (Ref-1A-5)
- ☐ TE computes L' and sends LC_Send_L_prime message within the 7ms timeout to the transmitter.

[Session Key Exchange]

(STEP 1A-01-5)

- ☐ DUT sends SKE_Send_Eks message
 - ➤ If DUT does not send SKE_Send_Eks message within 5 seconds of transmission of LC_Send_L_prime message, then FAIL (Ref-1A-6)
- ☐ DUT writes Valid Type Value message
 - If DUT fails to write valid Type Value corresponding to the Content Stream, then FAIL.

(STEP 1A-01-6)

- ☐ DUT enables HDCP encryption 200ms after transmission of SKE_Send_Eks and TYPE message
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP encryption in less than 200ms, then FAIL (Ref-1A-6)
 - ➤ If DUT does not enable HDCP encryption between 200ms and 10 seconds of transmission of SKE_Send_Eks message, then FAIL (Ref-1A-6)

[Link Integrity Check]

(STEP 1A-01-7)

☐ DUT transmits encrypted LINK_VERIFICATION_PATTERN one bit at a time. TE checks the correctness of the LINK_VERIFICATION_PATTERN within the first 48VB-ID transmission

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after encryption is enabled. If and incorrect LINK_VERIFICATION_PATTERN is detected, the TE attempts re-authentication four additional times and performs (STEP 1A-01-1) through (STEP 1A-01-7).

- ➤ If an incorrect LINK_VERIFICATION_PATTERN is detected within the first(16*3=48 VB-ID transmissions) 48 VB-ID transmission on all five attempts(It is assumed that the LINK_VERIFICATION_PATTERN transmitted by the DUT is incorrect), then FAIL (Ref-1A-11)
- ➤ If DUT does not restart authentication after the link integrity check failure is detected at TE and subsequently TE requesting re-authentication by setting LINK_INTEGRITY_FAILURE bit in RxStatus and generating CP_IRQ, then FAIL (Ref-1A-11)

If DUT successfully completes the authentication and link integrity process and the
image on TE looks valid as expected, then PASS.(Ref-1A-10)

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1A-02. Regular Procedure – With newly connected Receiver (Without stored k_m)

Test Objective

Verify the Transmitter's implementation of the HDCP protocol when an HDCP Receiver (not previously connected) is attached.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored k_m) except for following change:

☐ TE utilizes *Receiver ID* not paired to DUT and does not complete pairing

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP 1A-01-2) described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' is performed.

☐ TE sends AKE Send Cert message

(STEP 1A-02-1)

- ☐ DUT transmits AKE_No_Stored_km message
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit AKE_No_Stored_km message within 5 seconds, then FAIL (Ref-1A-3)
 - ➤ If DUT sends AKE_Stored_km message, then FAIL (Ref-1A-3)
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
- ☐ If DUT sends AKE_No_Stored_km message, then PASS

Note: TE does not complete pairing.

1A-03. Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init

Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT restarts authentication after the receiver is disconnected and reconnected following the write of AKE_Init with a new r_{tx} value.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored k_m)

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP 1A	a-01-2) described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver
(With sto	ored k _m)' is performed.
	TE transmits Receiver Disconnected Indication after AKE_Init message

- ☐ TE waits 500ms
- ☐ TE transmits Receiver Connected Indication

(STEP 1A-03-1)

- ☐ DUT restarts Authentication and Key Exchange
 - ▶ If DUT does not restart Authentication and Key Exchange and complete (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then FAIL (Ref-1A-7)
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
- ☐ If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange on detecting Receiver Connected Indication and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then PASS

fter	km
)	after

Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT restarts authentication after the receiver is disconnected and reconnected following the exchange of $k_{\rm m}$.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP 1A-01-2) and (STEP 1A-01-3) described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored $k_{\rm m}$)' are performed.

TE transmits Receiver Disconnected Indication after AKE_Stored_km message
TE waits for 500ms
TE transmits Receiver Connected Indication (duration of disconnect is interface dependent)

(STEP 1A-04-1)

- ☐ DUT restarts Authentication and Key Exchange
 - ➤ If DUT does not restart Authentication and Key Exchange and complete (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then FAIL (Ref-1A-7)
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
- ☐ If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange on detecting Receiver Connected Indication and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then PASS

1A-05. Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after locality check

Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT restarts authentication after the receiver is disconnected and reconnected after locality check is initiated.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored k_m)

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] and [Authentication and Key Exchange] in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Locality Check]

(STEP 1A-01-4) described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_{m})' is performed.

TE transmits Receiver Disconnected Indication after LC_Init message
TE waits for 500ms
TE transmits Receiver Connected Indication (duration of disconnect is interface dependent)

(STEP 1A-05-1)

- ☐ DUT restarts Authentication and Key Exchange
 - ➤ If DUT does not restart Authentication and Key Exchange and complete (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then FAIL (Ref-1A-7)
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
- ☐ If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange on detecting Receiver Connected Indication and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then PASS

1A-06. Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after k_s

Test Case

Verify the Source DUT restarts authentication after the receiver is disconnected and reconnected following the exchange of k_s.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] through [Locality Check] in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Session Key Exchange]

(STEP 1A-01-5) described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' is performed.

TE transmits Receiver Disconnected Indication, within 100ms after SKE_Send_E	ks
message	

- ☐ TE waits for 500ms
- ☐ TE transmits Receiver Connected Indication (duration of disconnect is interface dependent)

(STEP 1A-06-1)

- ☐ DUT restarts Authentication and Key Exchange
 - ➢ If DUT does not restart Authentication and Key Exchange and complete (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure − With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then FAIL (Ref-1A-7)
 - ➤ If DUT has enabled HDCP Encryption, then it should disable it before starting authentication else FAIL (Ref-1A-2)

☐ If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange on detecting Receiver Connected Indication and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then PASS

1A-07. Regular Procedure – Receiver sends REAUTH_REQ after Ks

Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT restarts authentication after the receiver sends REAUTH_REQ following the exchange of Ks.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] through [Locality Check] in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Session Key Exchange]

(STEP 1A-01-5) described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' is performed.

☐ TE Sends REAUTH_REQ by setting REAUTH_REQ bit of the RxStatus and causing CP_IRQ after SKE_Send_Eks message is read by TE

(STEP 1A-07-1)

- ☐ DUT restarts Authentication and Key Exchange
 - ➢ If DUT does not restart Authentication and Key Exchange and (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then FAIL (Ref-1A-7)
 - ➤ If DUT has enabled HDCP Encryption, then it should disable it before re-starting authentication else FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
- ☐ If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange on detecting REAUTH_REQ and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then PASS

1A-08. Irregular Procedure – Verify Receiver Certificate

Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT considers it a failure of authentication when verification of Receiver Certificate fails.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored k_m) except for following change:

TE provides invalid value for cert_{rx}

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP 1A-01-2) described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' is performed.

(STEP 1A-08-1)

- \square TE provides invalid *cert_{rx}* as part of AKE Send Cert
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-1)
 - ➤ If DUT transmits AKE_No_Stored_km or AKE_Stored_km, then FAIL (Ref-1A-8)
- \square If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then PASS
 - If DUT does not attempt to restart authentication by performing (STEP 1A-01-2) after receipt of invalid $cert_{rx}$, then FAIL (Ref-1A-1)

1A-09. Irregular Procedure – SRM

Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT considers it a failure of authentication when the *Receiver ID* is on the revocation list.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored k_m)

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP 1A-01-2) described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' is performed.

(STEP 1A-09-1)

- ☐ TE provides revoked *Receiver ID* as part of AKE_Send_Cert
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-1)
 - ➤ If DUT transmits AKE_No_Stored_km or AKE_Stored_km, then FAIL (Ref-1A-8)
- ☐ If DUT aborts Authentication and Key Exchange within 2 seconds of receipt of revoked *Receiver ID*, then PASS. Otherwise, FAIL(Ref-1A-2) (Ref-1A-8)

Note: DUT may alternatively re-start Authentication and Key Exchange and perform (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', by transmitting a new r_{tx} as part of AKE_Init.

1A-10. Irregular Procedure – Invalid H'

Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the Receiver provides a value for H' that does not match H, or does not respond with H' in the allotted time.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

• Exception in Test Case 3 – TE utilizes unpaired *Receiver ID*.

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP 1A-01-2) described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' is performed.

Three test cases; all are performed

[Test Case 1 – Invalid H']

(STEP 1A-10-1)

- □ TE sends AKE_Send_Cert message (with previously paired *Receiver ID*)
 □ DUT sends AKE_Stored_km or AKE_No_Stored_Km message
 ➤ If DUT does not send AKE_Stored_km or AKE_No_Stored_Km message, then FAIL (Ref-1A-4)
 □ TE provides invalid H' as part of AKE_Send_H_prime
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
 - ➤ If DUT transmits LC Init, then FAIL (Ref-1A-8)

HDCP 2.2 on Dis	
Compliance Tes: 4 November 20:	
Revision 1.1	
	If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then PASS
	➤ If DUT does not attempt to restart authentication by performing (STEP 1A-01-2) after receipt of invalid H′, then FAIL (Ref-1A-1)
[Test Case 2 –	H'_AVAILABLE timeout after AKE_Stored_km]
(STEP 1A-10-	2)
	TE sends AKE_Send_Cert message (with previously paired Receiver ID)
	DUT sends AKE_Stored_km message
	If DUT send AKE_No_Stored_km message, then NOTE ("NOT JUDGED-DUT does not appear to implement persistent pairing for faster authentication"); TE ends test
	If DUT does not send AKE_Stored_km message or AKE_No_Stored_km message, then FAIL (Ref-1A-4)
	TE does not respond with setting H'_AVAILABLE in RxStatus and not setting the CP_IRQ within the 200ms timeout at the transmitter
	➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-1)
	If DUT transmits LC_Init, then FAIL (Ref-1A-8)
	If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then PASS
	➢ If DUT does not attempt to restart authentication by performing (STEP 1A-01-2) after expiry of the 200ms timeout , then FAIL (Ref-1A-1)
[Test Case 3 –	H'_AVAILABLE timeout after AKE_No_Stored_km]
(STEP 1A-10-	3)
	TE sends AKE_Send_Cert message (with unpaired Receiver ID)
	DUT sends AKE_No_Stored_km message

> If DUT does not send AKE_No_Stored_km message, then FAIL (Ref-1A-3)

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- ☐ TE does not respond with setting H'_AVAILABLE in RxStatus and not setting the CP_IRQ within the 1 second timeout at the transmitter
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
 - ➤ If DUT transmits LC_Init, then FAIL (Ref-1A-8)
- \square If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then PASS
 - ➤ If DUT does not attempt to restart authentication by performing (STEP 1A-01-2) after expiry of the 1second timeout , then FAIL (Ref-1A-1)

1A-11.	Irregular Procedure	 Pairing Failure
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Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the Receiver does not send AKE_Send_Pairing_Info.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure - With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored k_m) except for following change:

☐ TE utilizes *Receiver ID* not paired to DUT

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP 1A-01-2) described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' is performed.

(STEP 1A-11-1)

- ☐ TE sends AKE Send Cert message
- ☐ DUT sends AKE_No_Stored_km message
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit AKE_No_Stored_km message, then FAIL (Ref-1A-3)
 - ➤ If DUT sends AKE Stored km message, then FAIL (Ref-1A-3)
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)

(STEP 1A-11-2)

☐ TE computes H' and respond with setting H'_AVAILABLE in RxStatus and setting the CP_IRQ within the 1 second and sends valid AKE_Send_H_prime message

(STEP 1A-11-3)

☐ TE does not send AKE_Send_Pairing_Info message within 200ms of the reception of AKE_Send_H_prime

 $\hfill \square$ If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then PASS

➤ If DUT does not attempt to restart authentication by performing (STEP 1A-01-2) after expiry of the 200ms timeout , then FAIL (Ref-1A-1)

Note: TE does not complete pairing.

1A-12. Irregular Procedure – Locality Failure

Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the Receiver provides a value for L' that does not match L.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored k_m)

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] and [Authentication and Key Exchange] in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Locality Check]

(STEP 1A-01-4) described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' is performed.

(STEP 1A-12-1)

☐ TE provides invalid *L'* as part of LC_Send_L_prime message for first and subsequent 1023 re-attempts

(STEP 1A-12-2)

- DUT reattempts locality check with the transmission of LC_Init 1023 additional times (for a total max of 1024 attempts) with new Rn
 - > If Rn is not different in each attempt then FAIL

(STEP 1A-12-3)

- ☐ DUT restarts Authentication and Key Exchange
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
- ☐ If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then PASS

➤ If DUT does not attempt to restart authentication by performing (STEP 1A-01-2) after receipt of invalid L', then FAIL (Ref-1A-1)

1A-13. Regular Procedure – Encryption Disable Bootstrapping

Test Objective

Verify that the Transmitter correctly implements encryption disable bootstrapping when encryption is temporarily disabled.

Required Test Method

This test case is implemented only if Source_EncDisableBootstrapping = Y

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored km)

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected receiver (With stored k_m)

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] and [Link Integrity Check] in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

(STEP 1A-13-1)

(0.11. 1.1.10.1	7
	The flow of HDCP Content is stopped causing encryption to be disabled by the DUT.
	TE performs encryption disable bootstrapping
	The flow of HDCP Content is started causing encryption to be enabled by the DUT
The steps descr performed	ibed under [Link Integrity Check] in '1A-01 Regular Procedure: With Receiver' are

- ➤ If a link integrity failure is detected within the initial two frames that are transmitted after encryption is re-enabled, then FAIL(Ref-1A-10)
- Verify visually that the encrypted image is valid and as expected, else FAIL (Ref-1A-10)
- ☐ If a link integrity failure is not detected within the initial two frames that are transmitted after encryption is re-enabled, then PASS

1B. Downstream procedure with Repeater

In these tests, an HDCP Repeater (TE pseudo-Repeater) is connected to the Transmitter (DUT).

1B-01. Regular Procedure – With Repeater

Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT works with a repeater attached under nominal circumstances

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

☐ Connect TE to the downstream HDCP-protected Interface Port of DUT



<Configuration of TE>

Message:	Parameter:	Value:
Authentication and Key Exchan	ge	
AKE_Send_Cert	RxCaps:REPEATER	TRUE(1)
	RxCaps:HDCP_CAPABLE	TRUE(1)
	r _{rx}	Valid
	cert _{rx}	Valid
AKE_Send_H_prime	H'	Valid (within 200ms timeout)
Pairing		
AKE_Send_Pairing_Info	E _{kh} _k _m	Valid (used only for first time)
Locality Check		
LC_Send_L_prime	L'	Valid (within 7ms timeout)
Authentication with Repeater		
RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverI	Dylafo,MAY DEVS EVOLEDED	FALSE
D_List	RxInfo:MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED	FALSE
	RxInfo:MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED	FALSE
	RxInfo:HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM	FALSE
	RxInfo:HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM	FALSE
	RxInfo:DEVICE_COUNT	31
	RxInfo:DEPTH	4
	Receiver ID List	(DEVICE_COUNT * 5) bytes
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	16 bytes, Valid (within 3 second
	V'	timeout)
	seq_num_V	Valid

<Test Case>

The steps under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 1B-01-1)

	TE clears MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED, MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED,
	HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM, and HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM flags, sets
	DEPTH and DEVICE_COUNT to the configured values, initializes seq_num_V to 0,
	generates the ReceiverID_List and computes V'; in the
	RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message
_	TE A H. DEADWING D.C. A. A. C. D. DOCK
Ш	TE sets the READY bit in RxStatus and asserts CP_IRQ interrupt

RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List within the 3 second timeout of the receipt of

- SKE_Send_Eks

 DUT transmits 128 least significant bits of V to TE in the RepeaterAuth_Send_Ack
 - message
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_Ack message within 2 seconds from the time the READY status was set and the CP_IRQ interrupt was asserted by the TE, then FAIL (Ref-1B-2)
 - ➤ If 128 least significant bits of V transmitted by DUT do not match the 128 least significant bits of V' computed by the TE, then FAIL (Ref-1B-2)

(STEP 1B-01-2)

Note: The Transmitter DUT must complete Content Stream Management at least 100ms before transmitting the reference stream. Content Stream Management may be implemented in parallel with Authentication with Repeaters. The TE will support either method of Content Stream Management implemented in the DUT.

- ☐ DUT Transmits RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message
 - ➢ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message within 5sec of TE receiving SKE_Send_Eks, then FAIL
 - > If DUT does not start with seq_num_M equal to 0, then FAIL
 - ➤ If K is not 31 then FAIL

- ➤ All StreamID values should be distinct else FAIL
- ➤ If Type is other than 0 or 1 then Warning
- ☐ TE responds with RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready message within 100ms

(STEP 1B-01-3)

- ☐ DUT begins transmitting Content Stream within 10 seconds of completion of Content Stream Management and Authentication with Repeater
 - ➤ If DUT begins transmitting Content Stream before 100ms after completion of Content Stream Management, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)
- ☐ If DUT successfully completes the authentication process, then PASS

1B-02. Irregular Procedure – Timeout of Receiver ID list

Test Objective

Verify that the Source DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the downstream repeater does not respond with RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List prior to expiration of watchdog timer.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater' except for the following change:

☐ TE does not respond with READY bit in RxStatus and does not send CP_IRQ interrupt within the 3 second timeout of the receipt of SKE_Send_Eks.

<Test Case>

The steps under [Before Starting Authentication] described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP 1B-02-1)

- ☐ TE does not respond with READY bit in RxStatus and does not send CP_IRQ interrupt within the 3 second timeout of the receipt of SKE_Send_Eks.
- ☐ DUT waits 3 seconds for the reception of Ready bit in RxStatus and CP IRQ

(STEP 1B-02-2)

- DUT disables encryption, if enabled, after the expiration of the 3 second timer.
 - ➤ If DUT disables encryption, if enabled, before the timer expires, then FAIL(Ref-1B-2)
 - ➤ If DUT does not disable encryption, if enabled, after the timer expires, then FAIL (Ref-1B-2)
- ☐ If DUT restarts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure with previously connected Receiver (With stored km)', then PASS

> If DUT does not attempts to re-start authentication by performing (STEP 1A-01-2) after expiration of the 3 second timeout, then FAIL(Ref-1A-1)

1B-03. Irregular Procedure – Verify V'

Test Objective

Verify that the Source considers it a failure of authentication if the repeater provides a value for V' that does not match V.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater' except for the following change:

☐ TE provides an incorrect value for V'

<Test Case>

The steps under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

(STEP 1B-03-1)

- □ TE clears MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED, MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED, HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM and HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM flags, sets DEPTH and DEVICE_COUNT to the configured value, initializes seq_num_V to 0, generates the ReceiverID_List and computed invalid V' in the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message
- ☐ TE responds with READY bit in RxStatus and asserts CP_IRQ interrupt within the 3 second timeout of the receipt of SKE_Send_Eks

(STEP 1B-03-2)

- ☐ DUT disables encryption, if enabled, after receiving invalid V'
 - ➤ If DUT does not disables encryption, if enabled, then FAIL(Ref-1B-2)
- ☐ If DUT restarts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure with previously connected Receiver (With stored km), then PASS
 - ➤ If DUT does not attempts to re-start authentication by performing (STEP 1A-01-2) after receipt of invalid V', then FAIL(Ref-1B-2)

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1B-04. Irregular Procedure – MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED

Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the repeater sets the MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED bit in the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater' except for the following change:

☐ TE sets MAX DEVS EXCEEDED to 'TRUE' in RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List message

<Test Case>

The steps under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

(STEP 1B-04-1)

- ☐ TE clears MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED, DEPTH, DEVICE_COUNT,
 HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM, and HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM flags, sets
 MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED to 'TRUE' and does not generate the ReceiverID_List, seq_num_V
 or compute V' in the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message
- ☐ TE responds with READY bit in RxStatus and asserts CP_IRQ interrupt within the 3 second timeout of the receipt of SKE_Send_Eks

(STEP 1B-04-2)

- ☐ DUT disables HDCP encryption after receiving MAX DEVS EXCEEDED error
 - ➤ If DUT does not disable encryption after receiving MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED error, then FAIL (Ref-1B-3)
- ☐ If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored Km)', then PASS
 - ➤ If DUT does not attempt to re-start authentication by performing (STEP 1A-01-2) after receipt of the MAX DEVS EXCEEDED error, then FAIL (Ref-1A-1)

1B-05. Irregular Procedure – MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED

Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the repeater sets the MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED bit in the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater' except for the following change:

☐ TE sets MAX CASCADE EXCEEDED to 'TRUE' in RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List message

<Test Case>

The steps under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

(STEP 1B-05-1)

- ☐ TE clears MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED, DEPTH, DEVICE_COUNT,
 HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM, and HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM flags, sets
 MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED to 'TRUE' and does not generate the ReceiverID_List,
 seq_num_V or compute V' in the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message
- ☐ TE responds with READY bit in RxStatus and asserts CP_IRQ interrupt within the 3 second timeout of the receipt of SKE_Send_Eks

(STEP 1B-05-2)

- □ DUT disables HDCP encryption, if enabled, after receiving MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED error
 - ➤ If DUT does not disable encryption, if enabled, after receiving MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED error, then FAIL (Ref-1B-3)
- ☐ If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored Km)', then PASS
 - ➤ If DUT does not attempt to re-start authentication by performing (STEP 1A-01-2) after receipt of the MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED error, then FAIL (Ref-1A-1)

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1B-06. Irregular Procedure – Incorrect seq_num_V

Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the repeater provides a non-zero value in seq_num_V in the first RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message after AKE_Init.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater' except for the following change:

☐ TE sets non-zero value for seq num V in first RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List message

<Test Case>

The steps under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

(STEP 1B-06-1)

- ☐ TE clears MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED, MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED, HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM and HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM flags, sets DEPTH, DEVICE_COUNT to configured value and set *seq_num_V* to a non-zero value and computes V' in the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message
- ☐ TE responds with READY bit in RxStatus and asserts CP_IRQ interrupt within the 3 second timeout of the receipt of SKE_Send_Eks

(STEP 1B-06-2)

- □ DUT disables HDCP encryption, if enabled, after receiving a non-zero *seq_num_V*
 - ➤ If DUT does not disable encryption, if enabled, after receiving a non-zero seq_num_V, then FAIL (Ref-3C-7)
- ☐ If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored Km)', then PASS
 - ➤ If DUT does not attempt to re-start authentication by performing (STEP 1A-01-2) after receipt of a non-zero seq_num_V, then FAIL (Ref-1B-4)

1B-07. Regular Procedure – Re-authentication on HPD

Test Objective

Verify the Source DUT initiates re-authentication when a HPD is received from the downstream repeater.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater'

<Test Case>

The steps under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

The steps under [Authentication with Repeaters] described in '1B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater' are performed.

(STEP 1B-07-1)

TE de-asserts HPD after RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message
TE asserts HPD after 500ms

(STEP 1B-07-2)

- ☐ DUT restarts Authentication and Key Exchange
 - ➤ If DUT does not restart Authentication and Key Exchange and complete (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver(With stored Km)', then FAIL (Ref-1A-7)
- ☐ If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored Km)', then PASS

1B-08. Regular Procedure – Re-authentication on REAUTH_REQ

Test Objective

Verify that the Source DUT initiates re-authentication when a REAUTH_REQ is received from the downstream repeater.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater'

<Test Case>

The steps under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

The steps under [Authentication with Repeaters] described in '1B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater' are performed.

(STEP 1B-08-1)

☐ TE responds with REAUTH REQ bit in RxStatus and asserts CP IRQ interrupt

(STEP 1B-08-2)

- ☐ DUT disables HDCP encryption, if enabled, after receiving REAUTH request
 - ➤ If DUT does not disable encryption, if enabled, after receiving REAUTH request, then FAIL (Ref-1A-7)
- ☐ If DUT re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored Km)', then PASS
 - ➤ If DUT does not attempt to re-start authentication by performing (STEP 1A-01-2) after receipt of the REAUTH_REQ, then FAIL (Ref-1A-7)

1B-09. Irregular Procedure – Rollover of *seq_num_V*

Test Objective

Verify that the Source DUT initiates re-authentication when a rollover of *seq_num_V* is detected from the downstream repeater.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater'

<Test Case>

The steps under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

The steps under [Authentication with Repeaters] described in '1B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater' are performed.

(STEP 1B-09-1)

- ☐ TE sets seq_num_V to 0xFFFFFFh
- ☐ TE simulates disconnect of an active downstream device by decrementing DEVICE_COUNT and adjusting the ReceiverID_List and transmits RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message
- □ DUT transmits 128 least significant bits to TE in the RepeaterAuth_Send_Ack message
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_Ack message within one second, then FAIL (Ref-1B-2)
 - ➤ If 128 least significant bits transmitted by DUT do not match the 128 least significant bits computed by the TE, then FAIL (Ref-1B-2)

(STEP 1B-09-2)

- ☐ TE sets *seq_num_V* to 0x000000h (indicating rollover of *seq_num_V*)
- ☐ TE simulates connection of an active downstream device (same device that disconnected in STEP 1B-09-1) by incrementing DEVICE_COUNT and adjusting the ReceiverID List and transmits RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List message

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(STEP 1B-09-3)

- □ DUT restarts Authentication and Key Exchange upon detecting rollover of *seq_num_V*
 - ▶ If DUT does not restart Authentication and Key Exchange and complete (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then FAIL (Ref-1A-7)
- ☐ If DUT detects the rollover of seq_num_V as a failure of authentication, and re-starts Authentication and Key Exchange and performs (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)', then PASS

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1B-10. Irregular Procedure – Failure of Content Stream Management

Test Objective

Verify that the Source DUT re-attempts Content Stream Management following a failure of Content Stream Management.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater' except for following change:

 \square TE provides an incorrect value for M'

<Test Case>

The steps under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure – With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 1B-01-1) described in '1B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater' is performed.

Two test cases; both are performed

[Test Case 1 – Incorrect value for M']

(STEP 1B-10-1)

- ☐ DUT transmits RepeaterAuth Stream Manage message
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message within 5 sec, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)
- ☐ TE responds with RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready message within 100 ms with incorrect value for *M'*

(STEP 1B-10-2)

- □ DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message with incremented seq_num_M
 - ➤ If DUT transmits content stream without resending RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)

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- ➤ If DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message with same seq_num_M, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)
- ➤ If DUT does not transmit new RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message, then WARNING (Ref-1B-5)
- ☐ If DUT transmits new valid RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message after failure of *M'* comparison, then PASS

[Test Case 2 – Timeout of RepeaterAuth Stream Ready message]

(STEP 1B-10-3)

- ☐ DUT transmits RepeaterAuth Stream Manage message
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message within 5 second, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)
- ☐ TE does not respond with RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready message within 100ms

(STEP 1B-10-4)

- □ DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message with incremented *seq_num_M*
 - ➤ If DUT transmits content stream without resending RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)
 - ➤ If DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message with same seq_num_M, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit new RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message, then WARNING (Ref-1B-5)
- ☐ If DUT transmits new RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message after timeout of 100ms timer, then PASS

2. Receiver Tests

Receivers (Sink DUTs) are tested for compliance with the DisplayPort-HDCP2.2 specification by connecting them to Transmitters (TE pseudo-Source).

2C. Upstream procedure with Transmitter

Receiver's upstream procedure with Transmitter is tested with an HDCP2.2-capable Transmitter. Make sure that the DUT maintains "connection" during the test, unless "receiver disconnect" is needed during the test.

In these tests, an HDCP2.2 Transmitter (TE Pseudo-source) is connected to the Receiver (DUT).

The operations of the DUT under 1, 2 and 4-lane Main Link Configurations are tested.

2C-01. Regular Procedure – With transmitter

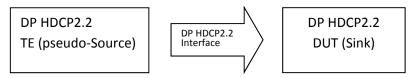
Test Objective

Verify the Receiver DUT works with an attached source under nominal circumstances.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

☐ Connect TE to the upstream HDCP-protected Interface Port of DUT



<Test Case>

[Before Starting Authentication]

(STEP 2C-01-1)

- ☐ TE detects Receiver Connected Indication
 - ➢ If DUT does not send Receiver Connected Indication (Hot plug, CONNECTION_STATUS_NOTIFY and IRQ_HPD) within 10 seconds, then FAIL (Ref-2C-1.)

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP 2C-01-2)

- ☐ TE begins sending unencrypted video signal with HDCP Encryption disabled
- ☐ TE transmits AKE_Init message
- □ DUT transmits AKE_Send_Cert message
 - ➤ If DUT does not make AKE_Send_Cert message available within 100ms, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)
 - ➤ If AKE_Send_Cert:RxCaps:REPEATER is 'TRUE', then FAIL (Ref-2C-3)

Two test cases; both are performed

[Test Case 1 – Not previously connected Receiver ID]

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(STEP 2C-01-3)

☐ TE transmits AKE No Stored km message

(STEP 2C-01-4)

- □ DUT set H'_AVAILABLE status bit in RxStatus and generates CP_IRQ and makes AKE_Send_H_prime message available
 - ➤ If DUT does not set H'_AVAILABLE status bit in RxStatus and generates CP_IRQ and makes valid AKE_Send_H_prime message available within 1second from the time the transmitter finishes writing the AKE_No_Stored_Km, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)
 - ➤ If H' is not equal to H, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)

[Pairing]

(STEP 2C-01-5)

- □ DUT set PAIRING_AVAILABLE status bit in RxStatus and generates CP_IRQ and makes AKE_Send_Pairing_Info message available
 - ➤ If DUT does not set PAIRING_AVAILABLE status bit in RxStatus and generates CP_IRQ and makes AKE_Send_Pairing_Info message available within 200ms of AKE_Send_H_prime message, then FAIL (Ref-1A-4)

[Test Case 2 – Previously connected Receiver ID]

(STEP 2C-01-6)

☐ TE transmits AKE Stored km message

(STEP 2C-01-7)

- □ DUT set H'_AVAILABLE status bit in RxStatus and generates CP_IRQ and makes AKE_Send_H_prime message available
 - ➤ If DUT does not set H'_AVAILABLE status bit in RxStatus and generates CP_IRQ and makes valid AKE_Send_H_prime message available within 200ms from the time the transmitter finishes writing the AKE_Stored_Km, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)
 - ➤ If H' is not equal to H, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)
 - ➤ If DUT transmits AKE_Send_Pairing_Info, then FAIL (Ref-1A-4Error! Reference source not found.)

[Both test cases]

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[Locality Check]	
(STEP 2C-01-8)	
☐ TE transmits LC_Init messag	e
☐ DUT sends LC_Send_L_prim	e message
	ke valid LC_Send_L_prime message available within 7ms of init message, then FAIL(Ref-2C-4)
> If L' does not match	L, then FAIL (Ref-2C-4)
[Session Key Exchange]	
(STEP 2C-01-9)	
☐ TE transmits SKE_Send_Eks	and Type message
☐ TE enables HDCP Encryption	200ms after transmitting SKE_Send_Eks and Type message
☐ TE transmits visible test pat	tern to DUT
☐ If DUT completes the authe	ntication process and test pattern is viewed successfully,

then PASS

2C-02. Irregular Procedure - New Authentication after AKE_Init

Test Objective

Verify the Receiver DUT restarts authentication when a new AKE_Init and r_{tx} is transmitted right after the transmission of AKE_Init in the unauthenticated state.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter'

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed.

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP 2C-01-1) described in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' is performed.

(STEP 2C-02-1)

☐ TE transmits AKE_Init message

(STEP 2C-02-2)

- □ DUT transmits AKE_Send_Cert message
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit AKE_Send_Cert message, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)
 - ➤ If AKE_Send_Cert:REPEATER is 'TRUE', then FAIL (Ref-2C-3)

The steps under [Test Case 2 – Previously connected *Receiver ID*] described in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed.

If DUT successfully completes authentication with the new r_{tx} value provided in the
second AKE_Init message, then PASS

2C-03. Irregular Procedure – New Authentication during Locality Check

Test Objective

Verify the Receiver DUT restarts authentication when a new AKE_Init and r_{tx} is transmitted right after the reception of LC_Init.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter'

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] and [Authentication and Key Exchange] (for [Test Case 2 – Previously connected *Receiver ID*]) in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed.

[Locality Check]

(STEP	2C-0	3-1)
-------	------	------

- ☐ TE transmits LC_Init message
- ☐ TE transmits AKE Init message

(STEP 2C-03-2)

- ☐ DUT transmits AKE Send Cert message
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit AKE_Send_Cert message, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)

The steps under [Test Case 2 – Previously connected *Receiver ID*] described in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed.

 \square If DUT successfully completes authentication with the new r_{tx} value provided in the second AKE_Init message, then PASS

2C-04. Irregular Procedure – New Authentication after SKE_Send_Eks

Test Objective

Verify the Receiver DUT restarts authentication when a new AKE_Init and r_{tx} is transmitted right after the reception of SKE_Send_Eks.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter'

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] and [Authentication and Key Exchange] (for [Test Case 2 – Previously connected *Receiver ID*]) and [Locality Check] in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed.

[Session Key Exchange]

(STEP	2C-04	ŀ-1)
-------	-------	------

TE transmits SKE_	_Send_	_Eks and	Type message

☐ TE transmits AKE_Init message

(STEP 2C-04-2)

☐ DUT transmits AKE Send Cert message

➤ If DUT does not transmit AKE_Send_Cert message, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)

The steps under [Test Case 2 – Previously connected *Receiver ID*] described in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed.

 \square If DUT successfully completes authentication with the new r_{tx} value provided in the second AKE_Init message, then PASS

2C-05. Irregular Procedure – New Authentication during Link Synchronization

Test Objective

Verify the Receiver DUT restarts authentication when a new AKE_Init and r_{tx} is transmitted during Link Synchronization.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter'

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] and [Authentication and Key Exchange] (for [Test Case 2 – Previously connected *Receiver ID*]) and [Locality Check] in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed.

[Session Key Exchange]

	TE transmits SKE_Send_Eks and Type messages
	TE enables HDCP Encryption 200ms after transmitting SKE_Send_Eks message
	TE transmits AKE_Init message
(STEP 2C-05-2)
	DUT transmits AKE_Send_Cert message

If DUT does not transmit AKE_Send_Cert message, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)

The steps under [Test Case 2 – Previously connected *Receiver ID*] described in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed.

 \square If DUT successfully completes authentication with the new r_{tx} value provided in the second AKE_Init message, then PASS

Test Objective	
Verify the Receiver DUT correctly implements encryption disable bootstrapping.	
Required Test Method	
<connection setup=""></connection>	
Same as '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter'	

Regular Procedure – Encryption Disable Bootstrapping

<Test Case>

2C-06.

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] and [Authentication and Key Exchange] (for [Test Case 2 – Previously connected *Receiver ID*]) in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed.

	TE disables HDCP Encryption and sends unencrypted video signal TE performs encryption disable bootstrapping TE re-enables HDCP Encryption
The steps desc	ribed under [Link Integrity Check] in '2C-01 Regular Procedure- with Transmitter' are

performed.If a link integrity failure occurs within the initial two frames that are transmitted

after encryption is re-enabled, then FAIL(Ref-1A-11)

If a link integrity failure does not occur within the initial two frames that are transmitter
after encryption is re-enabled, then PASS

3. Repeater Tests

Repeater DUTs are tested for compliance with the DisplayPort HDCP2.2 specification by connecting them to Receivers (TE pseudo-Sink), Repeaters (TE pseudo-Repeater) and Transmitters (TE pseudo-Source).

3A. Downstream Procedure with Receiver

In this test, a DisplayPort Receiver (TE pseudo-Sink) is connected to the downstream HDCP2.2-protected Interface Port of the Repeater DUT. An HDCP2.2 Transmitter (providing HDCP2.2-protected content) is connected to the upstream HDCP2.2-protected Interface Port of the Repeater DUT.

The operation of the DUT under 1, 2 and 4-lane Main Link configuration is tested.

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3A-01. Regular Procedure - With previously connected Receiver (With stored k_m)

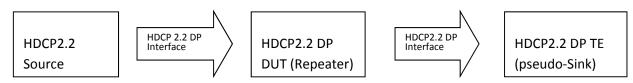
Test Objective

Verify the Repeater's implementation of the HDCP2.2 protocol when an HDCP2.2 Receiver (that was previously connected) is attached.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

- ☐ Connect an HDCP Source device to the upstream HDCP-protected Interface Port of DUT
- ☐ Connect TE (pseudo-Sink) to the downstream HDCP-protected Interface Port of DUT



<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure - With previously connected receiver (With stored km)'

<Test Case>

Same as '1A-01 Regular Procedure - With previously connected receiver (With stored km)'

3A-02. Regular Procedure – With newly connected Receiver (Without stored k_m)

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater's implementation of the HDCP2.2 protocol when an HDCP2.2 Receiver (not previously connected) is attached.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3A-01 Regular Procedure - With previously connected receiver (With stored k_m)'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-02 Regular Procedure - With newly connected Receiver (Without stored km)'

<Test Case>

Same as '1A-02 Regular Procedure – With newly connected Receiver (Without stored k_m)'

3A-03. Irregular Procedure - Verify Receiver Certificate

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT considers it a failure of authentication when verification of Receiver certificate fails.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3A-01 Regular Procedure - With previously connected receiver (With stored k_m)'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-08 Irregular Procedure – Verify Receiver Certificate'

<Test Case>

Same as '1A-08 Irregular Procedure – Verify Receiver Certificate'

3A-04. Irregular Procedure – Invalid H'

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the Receiver provides a value for H' that does not match H, or does not respond with H' in the allotted time.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3A-01 Regular Procedure - With previously connected receiver (With stored km)'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-10 Irregular Procedure – Invalid H"

<Test Case>

Same as '1A-10 Irregular Procedure – Invalid H"

3A-05. Irregular Procedure – Pairing Failure

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the Receiver does not send AKE_Send_Pairing_Info.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3A-01 Regular Procedure - With previously connected receiver (With stored km)'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-11 Irregular Procedure – Pairing Failure'

<Test Case>

Same as '1A-11 Irregular Procedure – Pairing Failure'

3A-06. Irregular Procedure – Locality Failure

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the Receiver provides a value for L' that does not match L, or does not responds with L' in the allotted time.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3A-01 Regular Procedure - With previously connected receiver (With stored k_m)'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1A-12 Regular Procedure – Locality Pre-Compute Support'

<Test Case>

Same as '1A-12 Regular Procedure – Locality Pre-Compute Support'

3B. Downstream Procedure with Repeater

In this test, a DisplayPort Repeater (TE pseudo-Repeater) is connected to the downstream HDCP2.2-protected Interface Port of the Repeater DUT. A DisplayPort HDCP2.2 Transmitter (providing HDCP2.2-protected content) is connected to the upstream HDCP2.2-protected Interface Port of the Repeater DUT.

The operation of the DUT under 1, 2 and 4-lane Main Link configuration is tested.

3B-01. Regular Procedure – With Repeater

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT's implementation of the HDCP2.2 Protocol when an HDCP2.2 repeater attached under nominal circumstances.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

- ☐ Connect an HDCP Source device to the upstream HDCP-protected Interface Port of DUT
- ☐ Connect TE to the downstream HDCP-protected Interface Port of DUT



<Configuration of TE>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater' except for the following change

- RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:DEVICE_COUNT = 30
- RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:DEPTH = 3

<Test Case>

Same as '1B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater'

3B-02. Irregular Procedure - Timeout of Receiver ID list

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the downstream repeater does not respond with RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List prior to expiration of watchdog timer.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '3B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater' except for the following change:

☐ TE does not respond with RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List within the 3 second timeout of the receipt of SKE_Send_Eks

<Test Case>

Same as '1B-02 Irregular Procedure - Timeout of Receiver ID list'

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3B-03. Irregular Procedure - Verify V'

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the repeater provides a value for V' that does not match V.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '3B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater' except for the following change:

☐ TE provides an incorrect value for V'

<Test Case>

Same as '1B-03 Irregular Procedure – Verify V"

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3B-04. Irregular Procedure – MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the repeater sets the MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED bit in the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '3B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater' except for the following change:

☐ TE sets MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED to 'TRUE' in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message

<Test Case>

Same as '1B-04 Irregular Procedure – MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED'

3B-05. Irregular Procedure – MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT considers it a failure of authentication if the repeater sets the MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED bit in the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3B-01 Regular Procedure - With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '3B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater' except for the following change:

☐ TE sets MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED to 'TRUE' in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message

<Test Case>

Same as '1B-06 Irregular Procedure – MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED'

3B-06. Irregular Procedure – Rollover of *seq_num_V*

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT initiates re-authentication when a rollover of seq_num_V is detected from the downstream repeater.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '3B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater'

<Test Case>

Same as '1B-09 Irregular Procedure – Rollover of seq_num_V'

3B-07. Irregular Procedure – Failure of Content Stream Management

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT re-attempts Content Stream Management following a failure of Content Stream Management.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater'

<Configuration of TE>

Same as '3B-01 Regular Procedure – With Repeater' except for the following change:

☐ TE provides an incorrect value for M'

<Test Case>

Same as '1B-10 Irregular Procedure – Failure of Content Stream Management'

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3C. Upstream Procedure with Transmitter

In this test, the DisplayPort Repeater DUT is tested under the following two connection setups:

- An HDCP2.2 DisplayPort Transmitter (TE pseudo-Source) is connected to the upstream HDCP2.2-protected Interface Port and an HDCP2.2 DisplayPort Receiver (TE pseudo-Sink) is connected to the downstream HDCP2.2-protected Interface Port of the Repeater DUT.
- An HDCP2.2 DisplayPort Transmitter (TE pseudo-Source) is connected to the upstream HDCP2.2-protected Interface Port and a DisplayPort HDCP2.2 Repeater (TE pseudo-Repeater) is connected to the downstream HDCP2.2-protected Interface Port of the DisplayPort Repeater DUT.

☐ Repeater (DUT) Connected to Transmitter (TE pseudo-Source) and Receiver (TE pseudo-Sink)

In this test, an HDCP2.2 DisplayPort Transmitter (TE pseudo-Source) is connected to the upstream HDCP2.2-protected Interface Port of the DisplayPort Repeater DUT. An HDCP2.2 DisplayPort Receiver (TE pseudo-Sink) is connected to the downstream HDCP2.2-protected Interface Port of the Repeater (DUT).

The operations of the DUT under 1, 2 and 4-lane Main Link configurations are tested.

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3C-01. Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Receiver

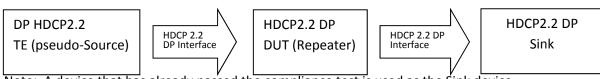
Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT's implementation of the HDCP2.2 Protocol when an HDCP2.2 Transmitter is connected to the upstream Repeater port and an HDCP2.2 Receiver is connected to the downstream Repeater port.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

- ☐ Connect TE (pseudo-Source) to the upstream HDCP2.2-protected Interface Port of DUT
- ☐ Connect an HDCP Sink to the downstream HDCP-protected Interface Port of DUT



Note: A device that has already passed the compliance test is used as the Sink device

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed.

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP 2C-01-2) described in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed, with the following changes:

- ☐ TE begins sending unencrypted video signal with HDCP2.2 Encryption disabled
- ☐ TE transmits AKE_Init message
- □ DUT transmits AKE_Send_Cert message
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit AKE_Send_Cert message, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)
 - ➤ If REPEATER is 'FALSE' in AKE Send Cert message, then FAIL (Ref-2C-3)

The remaining steps described in [Authentication and Key Exchange] (both test cases) and the steps described in [Pairing], [Locality Check], and [Session Key Exchange] in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed.

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 3C-01-1)

- ☐ DUT transmits RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List message
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message within 3 second timeout of SKE_Send_Eks, then FAIL(Ref-1B-2)
 - ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED is 'TRUE', then FAIL(Ref-3C-1)
 - ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED is 'TRUE', then FAIL(Ref-3C-1)
 - ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:DEPTH is not one, then FAIL(Ref-3C-2)
 - ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:DEVICE_COUNT is not one, then FAIL(Ref-3C-2)
 - ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_Receiver_ID_List:HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM is 'TRUE', then FAIL (Ref-3C-8)
 - ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_Receiver_ID_List:HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM is 'TRUE', then FAIL (Ref-3C-8)
 - ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_Receiver_ID_List:Seq_num_V is not 0, then FAIL (Ref-3C-7)

(STEP 3C-01-2)

- ☐ TE compares computed value of most significant 128 bits of V to 128 bits of V' received in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_list.
 - ➤ If most significant 128 bits of V' do not match the most significant 128 bits of V, then FAIL (Ref-1B-2)
- ☐ TE transmits RepeaterAuth_Send_Ack message with valid least 128 bits of V within two second of receipt of RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_list

(STEP 3C-01-3)

[Content Stream Management] – Two test cases; both are performed.

[Test Case 1 – Content Stream Management done in serial with propagation of topology information]

☐ TE transmits RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message within 5seconds after transmitting RepeaterAuth_Send_Ack message with Type set to 0, and 100ms prior to the transmission of the corresponding Content Streams

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	[Test Case 2 – Content Stream Management done in parallel with propagation of topolo information]		
	☐ TE transmits RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message within 5seconds after successfu completion exchange of Ks, with Type set to 0		
	[Both Test Cases]		
	□ DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready message		
	If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready message within 100 ms of transmission of RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)		
	If the value of M' received in the RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready message does not match the TE's calculated value of M, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)		
	☐ TE Enables HDCP Encryption		
(STEP 3C-	01-4)		
	☐ If DUT completes the authentication process successfully, then PASS		

3C-02. Regular Procedure – Receiver Disconnect Propagation when an Active Receiver is Disconnected Downstream

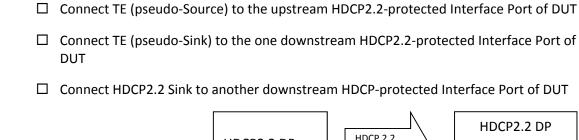
Test Objective

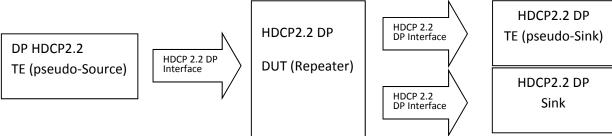
Verify the Repeater DUT sends an updated RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message when an active downstream Receiver is disconnected when HDCP Content is flowing.

Required Test Method

This test is performed if Repeater_MultipleOutputs = Y, otherwise SKIP

<Connection Setup>





Note: A device that has already passed the DP HDCP2.2 compliance test is used as the Sink device

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed.

The steps described under [Authentication and Key Exchange] in '3C-01 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Receiver' are performed.

The remaining steps described in [Authentication and Key Exchange] and the steps described in [Pairing], [Locality Check], and [Session Key Exchange] in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed.

[Authentication with Repeaters]

> (STEP 3C-01-1) described in '3C-01 Regular Procedure - Transmitter - DUT - Receiver' is performed with the following changes: ☐ DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message within 3 second timeout of SKE_Send_Eks, then FAIL(Ref-1B-2) ➤ If RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List:MAX DEVS EXCEEDED is 'TRUE', then FAIL(Ref-3C-1) ➤ If RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List:MAX CASCADE EXCEEDED is 'TRUE', then FAIL(Ref-3C-1) ➤ If RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List:DEPTH is not one, then FAIL(Ref-3C-2) ➤ If RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List:DEVICE COUNT is not two, then FAIL(Ref-3C-2) ➤ If RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List:HDCP2 0 REPEATER DOWNSTREAM is 'TRUE', then FAIL. ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM is 'TRUE', then FAIL. ▶ If RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List:seq num v is not 0, then FAIL (Ref-3C-7). (STEP 3C-01-2) described in '3C-01 Regular Procedure - Transmitter - DUT - Receiver' is performed [Disconnect of Downstream Sink]

(STEP 3C-02-1)

☐ TE (pseudo-Sink) sends Receiver Disconnect Indication

➤ If DUT transmits Receiver Disconnect upstream, then FAIL (Ref-3C-3)

(STEP 3C-02-2)

- ☐ DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message within 3 second of TE (pseudo-Sink) disconnect, then FAIL(Ref-1B-2)
 - ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED is 'TRUE', then FAIL(Ref-3C-1)

- ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED is 'TRUE', then FAIL(Ref-3C-1)
- ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:DEPTH is not one, then FAIL(Ref-3C-2)
- ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:DEVICE_COUNT is not one, then FAIL(Ref-3C-2)
- If content stream to remaining receiver is interrupted, then WARNING (Ref-3C-7)
- ☐ If the DUT does not propagate Receiver Disconnect upstream when an active downstream Sink is disconnected, and transmits an updated RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message, then PASS

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3C-03. Regular Procedure – Receiver Connected when an Active Receiver is Connected Downstream

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT sends an updated RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message when a new active downstream Receiver is connected and HDCP Content is flowing.

Required Test Method

This test is performed if Repeater_MultipleOutputs = Y, otherwise SKIP

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-02 Regular Procedure – Receiver Disconnect Propagation when an Active Receiver is Disconnected Downstream' with one exception:

• TE (pseudo-Sink) is in disconnected state

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Authentication with Repeaters] in '3C-02 Regular Procedure – Receiver Disconnect Propagation when an Active Receiver is Disconnected and Reconnected Downstream' are performed.

[Connect Active Downstream Sink]

(STEP 3C-03-1)

- ☐ TE (pseudo-Sink) sends Receiver Connect indication to DUT
 - ➤ If DUT propagates Receiver Connect indication upstream, then FAIL (Ref-3C-3)

(STEP 3C-03-2)

- ☐ DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message within 3 second of TE (pseudo-Sink) connect, then FAIL(Ref-1B-2)
 - ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED is 'TRUE', then FAIL(Ref-3C-1)
 - If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED is 'TRUE', then FAIL(Ref-3C-1)
 - ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:DEPTH is not one, then FAIL(Ref-3C-2)

- If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:DEVICE_COUNT is not two, then FAIL(Ref-3C-2)
- ➤ If content stream to remaining receiver is interrupted, then WARNING (Ref-3C-3)
- ☐ If the DUT transmits updated RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message upon connection of a new downstream HDCP Receiver, then PASS

3C-04. Irregular Procedure – New Authentication after AKE_Init

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT restarts authentication when a new AKE_Init and r_{tx} is transmitted right after the transmission of AKE_Init in the unauthenticated state.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-01 Regular Procedure - Transmitter - DUT - Receiver'

<Test Case>

Same as '2C-02 Irregular P	rocedure – New Authentica	tion after AKE_Init' w	vith the following changes:
(STEP 2C-01-2)			

- □ TE begins sending unencrypted video signal with HDCP Encryption disabled
 □ TE transmits AKE_Init message
 □ DUT transmits AKE_Send_Cert message
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit AKE_Send_Cert message, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)
 - ➤ If AKE_Send_Cert:REPEATER is 'FALSE', then FAIL (Ref-2C-3)

The steps described under [Test Case 1 – Not Previously Connected *Receiver ID*] in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed

 \square If DUT successfully completes authentication with new r_{tx} value provided in the second AKE_Init message, then PASS

3C-05. Irregular Procedure – New Authentication during Locality Check

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT restarts authentication when a new AKE_Init and r_{tx} is transmitted right after the reception of LC_Init.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-01 Regular Procedure - Transmitter - DUT - Receiver'

<Test Case>

Same as '2C-03 Irregular Procedure – New Authentication during Locality Check' with the following changes:

(STEP 2C-01-2)

☐ TE begins sending unencrypted video signal with HDCP Encryption disabled
☐ TE transmits AKE_Init message
□ DUT transmits AKE_Send_Cert message

- ➤ If DUT does not transmit AKE_Send_Cert message, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)
- ➤ If AKE_Send_Cert:REPEATER is 'FALSE', then FAIL (Ref-2C-3)

The steps described under [Test Case 1 – Not Previously Connected *Receiver ID*] in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed

If DUT successfully completes authentication with new r_{tx} value provided in the second
AKE_Init message, then PASS

3C-06. Irregular Procedure – New Authentication after SKE_Send_Eks

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT restarts authentication when a new AKE_Init and r_{tx} is transmitted right after the reception of SKE_Send_Eks.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-01 Regular Procedure - Transmitter - DUT - Receiver'

<Test Case>

Same as '2C-04 Irregular Procedure – New Authentication after SKE_Send_Eks' with the following changes:

(STEP 2C-01-2)

TE begins sending unencrypted video signal with HDCP Encryption disabled
☐ TE transmits AKE_Init message
□ DUT transmits AKE_Send_Cert message

- ➤ If DUT does not transmit AKE_Send_Cert message, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)
- ➤ If AKE_Send_Cert:REPEATER is 'FALSE', then FAIL (Ref-2C-3)

The steps described under [Test Case 1 –Not Previously Connected *Receiver ID*] in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed

If DUT successfully completes authentication with new r_{tx} value provided in the second
AKE_Init message, then PASS

3C-07. Irregular Procedure – New Authentication during Link Synchronization

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT restarts authentication when a new AKE_Init and rtx is transmitted during Link Synchronization.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-01 Regular Procedure - Transmitter - DUT - Receiver'

<Test Case>

Same as '2C-05 Irregular Procedure – New Authentication during Link Synchronization' with the following changes:

(STEP 2C-01-2)

TE begins sending unencrypted video signal with HDCP Encryption disabled
TE transmits AKE_Init message
DUT transmits AKE_Send_Cert message

- ➤ If DUT does not transmit AKE_Send_Cert message, then FAIL (Ref-2C-2)
- ➤ If AKE_Send_Cert:REPEATER is 'FALSE', then FAIL (Ref-2C-3)

The steps described under [Test Case 1 – Previously Connected *Receiver ID*] in '2C-01 Regular Procedure – With Transmitter' are performed

If DUT successfully completes authentication with new r_{tx} value provided in the second
AKE_Init message, then PASS

3C-08. Irregular Procedure – Rx Certificate invalid

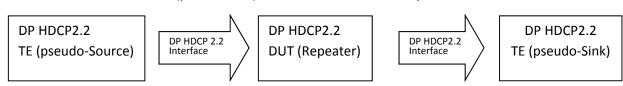
Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT considers it a failure of authentication and does not send RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message when the certificate received from the Receiver is invalid.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

- ☐ Connect TE (pseudo-Source) to the upstream HDCP-protected Interface Port of DUT
- ☐ Connect TE (pseudo-Sink) to the downstream HDCP-protected Interface Port of DUT



<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Sink)>

Same as '1A-08 Irregular Procedure - Verify Receiver Certificate'

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] in '3C-01 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Receiver' are performed.

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 3C-08-1)

- ☐ DUT reads invalid certificate of downstream pseudo-Sink
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
 - ➤ If DUT transmits AKE_No_Stored_km or AKE_Stored_km, then FAIL (Ref-1A-8)

(STEP 3C-08-2)

- ☐ TE (pseudo-Source) waits for DUT to transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message for a maximum time of 3 seconds
 - ➤ If DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message, then FAIL (Ref-3C-5)

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☐ If DUT treats invalid downstream certificate as an authentication failure and does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List to the upstream TE (pseudo-Source), then PASS

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3C-09. Irregular Procedure – Invalid H'

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT considers it a failure of authentication and does not send RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message when the Receiver provides a value for H' that does not match H; or does not respond with H' in the allotted time.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-08 Irregular Procedure - Rx Certificate invalid'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Sink)>

Same as '1A-10 Irregular Procedure – Invalid H"

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] in '3C-01 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Receiver' are performed.

[Authentication with Repeaters]

Two test cases; both are performed

[Test Case 1 – Invalid H']

(STEP 3C-09-1)

- ☐ DUT reads invalid *H'* of downstream pseudo-Sink
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
 - ➤ If DUT transmits LC_Init, then FAIL (Ref-1A-8)

[Test Case 2 – AKE_Send_H_prime timeout after AKE_Stored_km]

(STEP 3C-09-2)

- ☐ TE (pseudo-Sink) does not provide AKE_Send_H_prime message within 200ms timeout at the DUT
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
 - ➤ If DUT transmits LC Init, then FAIL (Ref-1A-8)

[Both Test Cases]

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(STEP 3C-09-3)

- ☐ TE (pseudo-Source) waits for DUT to transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message for a maximum time of 3 seconds
 - ➤ If DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message, then FAIL (Ref-3C-5)
- ☐ If DUT treats invalid downstream H' or timeout of AKE_Send_H_prime as an authentication failure and does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List to the upstream TE (pseudo-Source), then PASS

3C-10. Irregular Procedure – Locality Failure

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT considers it a failure of authentication and does not send RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message when the Receiver provides a value for L' that does not match L.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-08 Irregular Procedure - Rx Certificate invalid'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Sink)>

Same as '1A-12 Irregular Procedure - Locality Failure'

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] in '3C-01 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Receiver' are performed.

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 3C-10-1)

- ☐ DUT reads invalid L' of downstream pseudo-Sink
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
- □ DUT reattempts locality check with the transmission of LC_Init 1023 additional times (for a total max of 1024 trials) with new Rn
 - If Rn is not different in each attempt then FAIL
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)

(STEP 3C-10-2)

- ☐ TE (pseudo-Source) waits for DUT to transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message for a maximum time of 3 seconds
 - ➤ If DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message, then FAIL (Ref-3C-5)
- ☐ If DUT treats invalid downstream L' as an authentication failure and does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List to the upstream TE (pseudo-Source), then PASS

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☐ Repeater (DUT) Connected to Tr	ansmitter (TE pseudo-Source) and Repeater
(TE pseudo-Repeater)	

In this test, DP HDCP2.2 Transmitter (TE pseudo-Source) is connected to the upstream HDCP2.2-protected Interface Port of the DP Repeater DUT. An HDCP2.2 DP Repeater (TE pseudo-Repeater) is connected to the downstream HDCP2.2-protected Interface Port of the Repeater (DUT).

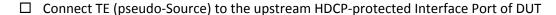
3C-11. Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Repeater (With stored km)

Test Objective

Verify the DP HDCP2.2 Repeater DUT's implementation of the HDCP2.2 Protocol when a DP HDCP2.2 Transmitter is connected to the upstream Repeater port and an HDCP2.2 Repeater is connected to the downstream Repeater port.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>



☐ Connect an HDCP Repeater and HDCP Sink to the downstream HDCP-protected Interface Port of DUT



Note: Devices that have already passed the compliance test are used as the Repeater and Sink devices

Note: Downstream Repeater and Sink need to be HDCP 2.2 compatible devices.

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] in '3C-01 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Receiver' are performed, with the following changes:

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 3C-11-1)

- ☐ DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message
 - If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message within 3 second timeout of SKE_Send_Eks, then FAIL(Ref-1B-2)
 - ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED is 'TRUE', then FAIL(Ref-3C-1)
 - If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED is 'TRUE', then FAIL(Ref-3C-1)
 - ➤ If RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List:DEPTH is not two, then FAIL(Ref-3C-2)

- ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:DEVICE_COUNT is not two, then FAIL(Ref-3C-2)
- ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM is 'TRUE', then FAIL (Ref-3C-8)
- ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM is 'TRUE', then FAIL (Ref-3C-8)
- ➤ If RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List:V' is not valid 128 bits, then FAIL (Ref-1B-4)

The remaining steps including (STEP 3C-01-2) described in '3C-01 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Receiver' are performed

 $\hfill \square$ If DUT completes the authentication process successfully, then PASS

3C-12. Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init

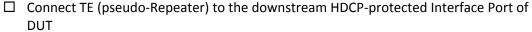
Test Objective

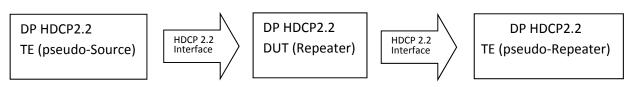
Verify the Repeater DUT propagates Receiver Disconnect and Receiver Connect Indication on Repeater disconnect and connect, respectively.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Connect TE (pseudo-S	Source) to the ups	stream HDCP-prote	cted Interface Port o	of DUT





<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Repeater)>

Message:	Parameter:	Value:	
Authentication and Key Exchange			
AKE_Send_Cert	RxCaps:VERSION	0x02	
	RxCaps:RECEIVER_CAPABILITY_MASK	0x00	
	RxCaps:REPEATER	TRUE(1)	
	RxCaps:HDCP_CAPABLE	TRUE(1)	
	r _{rx}	Valid	
	cert _{rx}	Valid	
AKE_Send_H_prime	H'	Valid (within 200ms timeout)	
Pairing			
AKE_Send_Pairing_Info	E _{kh} _k _m	Valid (used only for first time)	
Locality Check			
LC_Send_L_prime	L'	Valid (within 7ms timeout)	
Authentication with Repeater			
RepeaterAuth_Send_Receiv	RxInfo:MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED FALSE	FALSE	
erID_List	TXTITIO.IVIAX_DEV3_EXCEEDED	TALSE	
	RxInfo:MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED	FALSE	
	RxInfo:HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM	FALSE	
	RxInfo:HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM	FALSE	
	RxInfo:DEVICE_COUNT	30	
	RxInfo:DEPTH	3	

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	Receiver ID List	(DEVICE_COUNT * 5) bytes
	V'	16 bytes, Valid (within 3 second
		timeout)
	seq_num_V	Valid

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Authentication and Key Exchange] in '3C-01 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Receiver' are performed.

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP	3C-1	2-1)
-------	------	------

- ☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sends *Receiver Disconnect Indication* after AKE_Init message
- □ DUT either
 - (a) sets REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus register and clears REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message

or

- (b) Send Receiver Disconnect Indication to upstream TE (Pseudo-Source)
 - > If DUT does not
 - (a) set REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus and clear REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message or
 - (b) Send *Receiver Disconnect Indication* to TE(pseudo-Source), then FAIL(Ref-3C-4)

(STEP 3C-12-2)

- ☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sends *Receiver Connect Indication*
- □ DUT either
 - (a) sets REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus register and REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message

or

- (b) Send Receiver Connect Indication to upstream TE (Pseudo-Source)
 - > If DUT does not
 - (a) set REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus and REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message

or

- (b) Send *Receiver Connect Indication* to TE(pseudo-Source), then FAIL(Ref-3C-4)
- ➤ If DUT sends *Receiver Connect Indication* before TE(pseudo-Repeater) and REPEATER is set in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message, then FAIL(Ref-3C-4)

(STEP 3C-12-3)

□ TE (pseudo-Source) restarts Authentication and Key Exchange with DUT
 □ DUT restarts Authentication and Key Exchange with downstream TE(Pseudo-repeater)
 ➤ If DUT does not restart Authentication and Key Exchange and complete (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure- With previously connected Receiver (With stored Km)', then FAIL (Ref-1A-7)
 ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
 □ If DUT either properly sets and clears REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus register and REPEATER in AKE Send Cert message, or propagates the de-asserted and re-asserted HPD on

Repeater disconnect and connect respectively, then PASS

3C-13. Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after k_m

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT restarts authentication after the Repeater is disconnected and reconnected following the exchange of K_m.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Repeater)>

Same as '3C-12 Regular - Receiver disconnect after AKE Init'

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Authentication and Key Exchange] in '3C-01 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Receiver' are performed.

[Authentication and Key Exchange]

(STEP 3C-13-1)

- ☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sends *Receiver Disconnect Indication* after AKE_Stored_Km or AKE_No_Stored_Km message
- □ DUT either
 - (a) sets REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus register and asserts CP_IRQ interrupt and clears REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE Send Cert message

or

- (b) Send *Receiver Disconnect Indication* to upstream TE (Pseudo-Source).
 - ➤ If DUT does not
 - (a) set REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus and asserts CP_IRQ interrupt and clear REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message or
 - (b) Send *Receiver Disconnect Indication* to TE(pseudo-Source), then FAIL(Ref-3C-4)

(STEP 3C-13-2)

☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sends *Receiver Connect Indication*

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]	DUT e	ither	
				AUTH_REQ in RxStatus register, asserts CP_IRQ interrupt and REPEATER in of AKE_Send_Cert message
		or	•	
	((b) Se	>	If DUT does not (a) set REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus, asserts CP_IRQ interrupt and REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message or (b) Send Receiver Connect Indication to TE(pseudo-Source), then FAIL(Ref-3C-4) If DUT sends Receiver Connect Indication before TE(pseudo-Repeater) and REPEATER is set in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message, then FAIL(Ref-3C-4)
(STEP 3C-13-	-3)			
] -	TE (ps	eudo	-Source) restarts Authentication and Key Exchange with DUT
]	DUT re	estart	s Authentication and Key Exchange with downstream TE(Pseudo-repeater)
		>	1A-	OUT does not restart Authentication and Key Exchange and complete (STEP 01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure- With previously connected ceiver (With stored Km)', then FAIL (Ref-1A-7)
		>	If D	UT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
]	If DUT	eithe	er properly sets and clears REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus register and REPEATER in

AKE_Send_Cert message, or propagates the de-asserted and re-asserted HPD on

Repeater disconnect and connect respectively, then PASS

3C-14. Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after locality check

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT restarts authentication after the Repeater is disconnected and reconnected after locality check is initiated.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Repeater)>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure - Receiver disconnect after AKE Init'

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Locality Check] in '3C-01 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Receiver' are performed.

[Locality Check]

(STEP 3C-14-1)

- ☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sends *Receiver Disconnect Indication* after LC_init message.
- □ DUT either
 - (a) sets REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus register, asserts CP_IRQ interrupt and clears REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message

or

- (b) Send Receiver Disconnect Indication to upstream TE (Pseudo-Source).
 - ➤ If DUT does not
 - (a) set REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus, asserts CP_IRQ interrupt and clear REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message or
 - (b) Send *Receiver Disconnect Indication* to TE(pseudo-Source), then FAIL(Ref-3C-4)

(STEP 3C-14-2)

TE (pseudo-Repeater)	sends <i>Receiver</i>	Connect Indication

□ DUT either

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(a) sets REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus register, asserts CP_IRQ interrupt and REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message

or

- (b) Send Receiver Connect Indication to upstream TE (Pseudo-Source)
 - ➤ If DUT does not
 - (a) set REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus, asserts CP_IRQ interrupt and REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message
 - (b) Send *Receiver Connect Indication* to TE(pseudo-Source), then FAIL(Ref-3C-4)
 - ➤ If DUT sends *Receiver Connect Indication* before TE(pseudo-Repeater) and REPEATER is set in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message, then FAIL(Ref-3C-4)

(STEP 3C-14-3)

- □ TE (pseudo-Source) restarts Authentication and Key Exchange with DUT
 □ DUT restarts Authentication and Key Exchange with downstream TE(Pseudo-repeater)
 - ➤ If DUT does not restart Authentication and Key Exchange and complete(STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure- With previously connected Receiver (With stored Km)', then FAIL (Ref-1A-7)
 - ➤ If DUT enables HDCP Encryption, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
- ☐ If DUT either properly sets and clears REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus register and REPEATER in AKE_Send_Cert message, or propagates the de-asserted and re-asserted HPD on Repeater disconnect and connect respectively, then PASS

3C-15. Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after K_s

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT restarts authentication after the Repeater is disconnected and reconnected following the exchange of K_s.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Repeater)>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure - Receiver disconnect after AKE Init'

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] through [Locality Check] in '3C-01 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Receiver' are performed.

[Session Key Exchange]

(STEP 3C-15-1)

- ☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sends *Receiver Disconnect Indication* after SKE_Send_Eks message.
- □ DUT either
 - (a) sets REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus register, asserts CP_IRQ interrupt and clears REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE Send Cert message

or

- (b) Send Receiver Disconnect Indication to upstream TE(Pseudo-Source).
 - ➤ If DUT does not
 - (a) set REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus, asserts CP_IRQ interrupt and clear REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message
 - (b) Send *Receiver Disconnect Indication* to TE(pseudo-Source), then FAIL(Ref-3C-4)

(STEP 3C-15-2)

☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sends *Receiver Connect Indication*

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	DUT either
ъ.	of either
(a) sets REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus register, asserts CP_IRQ interrupt and REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message
	or
(b) Send Receiver Connect Indication to upstream TE (Pseudo-Source). F DUT does not
	(a) set REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus, asserts CP_IRQ interrupt and REPEATER in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message or
	(b) Send Receiver Connect Indication to TE(pseudo-Source), then FAIL(Ref- 3C-4)
	➢ If DUT sends Receiver Connect Indication before TE(pseudo-Repeater) and REPEATER is set in RxCaps of AKE_Send_Cert message, then FAIL(Ref-3C-4)
(STEP 3C-15-3)	
	E (pseudo-Source) restarts Authentication and Key Exchange with DUT.
	OUT restarts Authentication and Key Exchange with downstream TE(Pseudo-repeater)
	➢ If DUT does not restart Authentication and Key Exchange and complete (STEP 1A-01-2) as described in '1A-01 Regular Procedure- With previously connected Receiver (With stored Km)', then FAIL (Ref-1A-7)
	If DUT enables HDCP Encryption but fails to turn it off before restarting Authentication, then FAIL (Ref-1A-2)
	f DUT either properly sets and clears REAUTH_REQ in RxStatus register and REPEATER in AKE_Send_Cert message, or propagates the de-asserted and re-asserted HPD on

Repeater disconnect and connect respectively, then PASS

3C-16. Irregular Procedure – Timeout of Receiver ID list

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT considers it a failure of authentication and does not send RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message when the downstream repeater fails to provide RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message prior to expiration of the watchdog timer.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure –Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Repeater)>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure - Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init'

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] in '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Repeater (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 3C-16-1)

□ DUT waits maximum of 3 seconds for downstream TE (pseudo-Repeater) to send RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List

(STEP 3C-16-2)

- ☐ DUT disables HDCP encryption, if enabled, after the expiration of the three second timer
 - ➤ If DUT disables encryption before the timer expires, then FAIL (Ref-1B-2)
 - > If DUT does not disable encryption after the timer expires, then FAIL (Ref-1B-2)
 - ➤ If DUT sends RepeaterAuth Send Ack message, then FAIL (Ref-1B-2)

(STEP 3C-16-3)

- □ DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List to TE (pseudo-Source)
 - If DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List, then FAIL (Ref-3C-5)
- ☐ If DUT treats timeout of watchdog timer for RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List from downstream TE pseudo-Repeater as an authentication failure and does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List to the upstream TE (pseudo-Source), then PASS

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3C-17. Irregular Procedure – Verify V'

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT considers it a failure of authentication and does not send RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message when the downstream repeater provides a value for V' that does not match V.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure - Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Repeater)>

Same as '1B-03 Irregular Procedure – Verify V"

<Test Case>

Same as '1B-03 Irregular Procedure - Verify V"

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 3C-17-1)

- ☐ DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List to TE (pseudo-Source)
 - ➤ If DUT transmits RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List, then FAIL (Ref-3C-5)
- ☐ If DUT treats the mismatch of V and invalid V' from downstream TE pseudo-Repeater as an authentication failure and does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List to the upstream TE (pseudo-Source), then PASS

3C-18. Irregular Procedure – DEVICE_COUNT

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT asserts MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED bit in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message if the computed DEVICE COUNT exceeds 31.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-13 Regular Procedure - Propagation of HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM flag'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Repeater)>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Repeater (With stored km)' except for the following change:

☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sets DEVICE_COUNT = 31

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] in '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Repeater (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 3C-18-1)

- ☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sends RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List
- ☐ DUT disables HDCP encryption, if enabled, after computing DEVICE_COUNT
 - ➤ If DUT disables encryption before TE (pseudo-Repeater) transmits RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message, then FAIL (Ref-3C-1)
 - ➤ If DUT does not disable encryption after computing DEVICE_COUNT, then FAIL (Ref-3C-1)

(STEP 3C-18-2)

- □ DUT sets MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED flag and transmits
 RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List to TE (pseudo-source)
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List, then FAIL (Ref-3C-1)
 - ➤ If MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED is 'FALSE', then FAIL (Ref-3C-1)

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☐ If DUT considers it an authentication failure when topology maximums are exceeded and signals MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED error in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List to the upstream TE (pseudo-Source), then PASS

3C-19. Irregular Procedure – DEPTH

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT asserts MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED bit in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message if the computed DEPTH for it exceeds four.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure - Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Repeater)>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after AKE Init' except for the following change:

☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sets DEPTH = 4

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] in '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Repeater (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 3C-19-1)

- ☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sends RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List
- ☐ DUT disables HDCP encryption, if enabled, after computing DEPTH
 - ➤ If DUT disables encryption before TE (pseudo-Repeater) transmits RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message, then FAIL (Ref-3C-1)
 - > If DUT does not disable encryption after computing DEPTH, then FAIL (Ref-3C-1)

(STEP 3C-19-2)

- ☐ DUT sets MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED flag and transmits
 RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List to TE (pseudo-source)
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List, then FAIL (Ref-3C-1)
 - ➤ If MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED is 'FALSE', then FAIL (Ref-3C-1)

☐ If DUT considers it an authentication failure when topology maximums are exceeded and signals MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED error in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List to the upstream TE (pseudo-Source), then PASS

3C-20. Irregular Procedure – MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT asserts MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED bit in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message when it receives a MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED status from the downstream pseudo-Repeater.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Repeater)>

Same as '1B-04 Irregular Procedure - MAX DEVICES EXCEEDED'

<Test Case>

Same as '1B-04 Irregular Procedure – MAX_DEVICES_EXCEEDED'

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 3C-20-1)

- ☐ DUT sets MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED flag and transmits
 RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List to TE (pseudo-source)
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List, then FAIL (Ref-3C-1)
 - ➤ If MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED is 'FALSE', then FAIL (Ref-3C-1)
- ☐ If DUT treats the reception of MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED from downstream TE pseudo-Repeater as an authentication failure and signals MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED error in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List to the upstream TE (pseudo-Source), then PASS

3C-21. Irregular Procedure – MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT asserts MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED bit in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message when it receives a MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED status from the downstream pseudo-Repeater.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Repeater)>

Same as '1B-05 Irregular Procedure - MAX CASCADE EXCEEDED'

<Test Case>

Same as '1B-05 Irregular Procedure – MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED'

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 3C-21-1)

- ☐ DUT sets MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED flag and transmits
 RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List to TE (pseudo-source)
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List, then FAIL (Ref-3C-1)
 - ➤ If MAX CASCADE EXCEEDED is 'FALSE', then FAIL (Ref-3C-1)
- ☐ If DUT treats the reception of MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED from downstream TE pseudo-Repeater as an authentication failure and signals MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED error in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List to the upstream TE (pseudo-Source) and does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_Ack to downstream TE(pseudo-Repeater), then PASS

3C-22. Regular Procedure – Repeater with zero downstream device

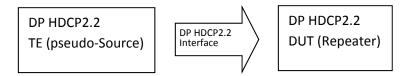
Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT having no downstream devices either do the authentication with upstream as a Receive or does not do the authentication.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

☐ Connect TE(pseudo-Source) to the upstream HDCP-protected Interface Port of DUT



<Test Case>

DUT (Repeater) should follow either one of two possible cases.

[Test Case 1: No authentication]

(STEP 3C-22-1)

- ☐ DUT Send *Receiver disconnect Indication* to TE(pseudo-Source)
 - ➤ If DUT sends Receiver Connect Indication, then FAIL (Ref-3C-6)
- ☐ If DUT keeps *Receiver disconnect Indication* so that TE(pseudo-Source) does not start authentication, than PASS (Ref-3C-6)

[Test Case 2: Authentication as a Receiver]

(STEP 3C-22-2)

- ☐ DUT Send *Receiver Connect Indication* to TE(pseudo-Source)
- ☐ If DUT performs authentication as a Receiver instead of a Repeater(Ref-3C-6)
 - ➤ If DUT follows the steps specified in "2C-01 Regular Procedure with transmitter", then PASS Otherwise, FAIL

3C-23. Regular Procedure – Propagation of HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM flag

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT propagates the HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM flag upstream when provided by the downstream repeater in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_list message.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Repeater)>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init' except for the following change:

☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sets HDCP2 0 REPEATER DOWNSTREAM to '1'

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] in '3C-11 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Repeater (With stored k_m)' are performed.

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 3C-23-1)

☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sends RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List

(STEP 3C-23-2)

- ☐ DUT transmits RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List to TE (pseudo-Source)
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List, then FAIL (Ref-3C-5)
 - ➤ If DUT does not report HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM = 1 in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_list, then FAIL (Ref-3C-8)
- ☐ If DUT propagates downstream indication of HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM status to upstream TE (pseudo-Source) as part of RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List, then PASS

3C-24. Regular Procedure – Propagation of HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM flag

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT propagates the HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM flag upstream when provided by the downstream repeater in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_list message.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Repeater)>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init' except for the following change:

☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sets HDCP1 DEVICE DOWNSTREAM to '1'

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Session Key Exchange] in '3C-11 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Repeater (With stored k_m)' are performed

[Authentication with Repeaters]

(STEP 3C-24-1)

☐ TE (pseudo-Repeater) sends RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List

(STEP 3C-24-2)

- ☐ DUT transmits RepeaterAuth Send ReceiverID List to TE (pseudo-Source)
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List, then FAIL (Ref-3C-5)
 - ➤ If DUT does not report HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM = 1 in RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_list, then FAIL (Ref-3C-8)
- ☐ If DUT propagates downstream indication of HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM status to upstream TE (pseudo-Source) as part of RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List, then PASS

3C-25. Regular Procedure – Content Stream Management

Test Objective

Verify the Repeater DUT propagates the Content Stream Management function as determined by the upstream source.

Required Test Method

<Connection Setup>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Receiver disconnect after AKE_Init'

<Configuration of TE (pseudo-Repeater)>

Same as '3C-12 Regular Procedure - Receiver disconnect after AKE Init'

<Test Case>

The steps described under [Before Starting Authentication] to [Authentication with Repeaters] in '3C-12 Regular Procedure – Transmitter – DUT – Repeater (With stored k_m)' are performed.

(STEP 3C-25-1)

☐ TE (pseudo-Source) sends RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message

(STEP 3C-25-2)

- ☐ DUT transmits RepeaterAuth Stream Ready message within 100ms
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready message within 100ms, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)
 - ➤ If M' provided in RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready message does not match TE's calculation of M, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)

(STEP 3C-25-3)

- ☐ DUT sends RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message to TE (pseudo-Repeater)
 - ➤ If DUT does not transmit RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message at least 100ms before transmitting the corresponding Content Stream, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)

[Three test cases; all are performed]

[Test case 1 – Valid M']

1	121	ΓFP	3	C-2	25-4)
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STEP 3C-2	25-4	•)	
		TE resp	onds with RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready message within 100ms with valid M'
		DUT tra	ansmits stream
		>	If DUT does not transmit stream referenced in RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)
		>	If DUT transmits Content Stream earlier than 100ms after transmission of RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)
[Te	st ca	ase 2 –Ir	nvalid M']
STEP 3C-2	25-5)	
		TE resp	onds with RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready message within 100ms with invalid M'
		DUT do	pes not transmit stream
		>	If DUT transmits stream referenced in RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message, then FAIL (Ref-1B-5)

4. Reference

Refer to the High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection System – Mapping HDCP to DisplayPort Revision 2.2.

Ref-1A. Downstream procedure with Receiver

Ref-1A-1.

Reference	Requirement
2.8 HDCP Transmitter	Transmitter's decision to begin authentication is dependent on events such
State Diagram	as
Page 25	Detection of an HDCP Receiver, availability of premium content or other implementation dependent details in the transmitter. In the event of authentication failure, an HDCP Receiver must be prepared to process subsequent authentication attempts. The HDCP Transmitter may cease to attempt authentication for transmitter-specific reasons, which include receiving a Receiver Disconnected Indication or after a certain number of authentication re-attempts by the transmitter. The transmitter must not initiate authentication unless it determines that the receiver is HDCP-capable.

Ref-1A-2.

Reference	Requirement
State H1:	State H1: Transmit Low-value Content. In this state the transmitter should
Transmit Low-value	begin sending an unencrypted signal with HDCP Encryption disabled. The
Content	transmitted signal can be a low value content or informative on-screen
Page 27	display. This will ensure that a valid video signal is displayed to the user
	before and during authentication. If content protection is desired by the
	upstream content control function, then the HDCP Transmitter should
	immediately attempt to determine whether the receiver is HDCP capable.
State A5:	State A5: Authenticated. At this time, and at no prior time, the HDCP
Authenticated	Transmitter has completed the authentication protocol.
Page 29	A periodic Link Synchronization is performed to maintain cipher
	synchronization between HDCP Transmitter and HDCP Receiver.

Ref-1A-3.

Reference	Requirement
2.2 Authentication	Authentication and Key Exchange (AKE) is the first step in the authentication
and Key Exchange	protocol. Figure 2.1 and Figure 2.2 illustrates the AKE. The HDCP
Page 11	Transmitter (<i>Device A</i>) can initiate authentication at any time, even before a
	previous authentication exchange has completed. The HDCP Transmitter
	initiates a new HDCP Session by sending a new r_{tx} and TxCaps as part of the

	authentication initiation message, AKE_Init. Message formats are defined in Section 4.2. The HDCP Transmitter must not attempt to read AKE_Send_Cert sooner than 100ms after writing the AKE_Init message. If AKE_Send_Cert message is not available for the transmitter to read within 100ms, the transmitter aborts the authentication protocol.
	Note: The HDCP Transmitter may use mechanisms outside the scope
	of the HDCP Specification to determine whether the HDCP Receiver is an HDCP 2.2-compliant Device.
State A1:	State A1: Exchange K _m . In this state, the HDCP Transmitter initiates
Exchange K_m	authentication by writing AKE_Init message to the HDCP Receiver. It reads
Page 28	AKE_Send_Cert from the receiver within 100ms after writing the AKE_Init message
	If the HDCP Transmitter does not have km stored corresponding to the
	Receiver ID, it generates Ekpub(km) and sends Ekpub(km) as part of the
	AKE_No_Stored_km message to the receiver after verification of signature
	on
	certrx. It performs integrity check on the SRM and checks to see whether the
	Receiver ID of the connected HDCP Device is in the revocation list.
	Receiver computed H' and then asserts H'_AVAILABLE bit and generates
	CP_IRQ. Transmitter computes H, reads AKE_Send_H_prime message from the receiver containing H' within one second after writing
	AKE No Stored km to the receiver and compares H' against H.
	If the HDCP Transmitter has km stored corresponding to the Receiver ID, it writes AKE_Stored_km message containing Ekh(km) and m to the receiver, performs integrity check on the SRM, checks to see whether the Receiver ID of the connected HDCP Device is in the revocation list. It computes H, reads AKE_Send_H_prime message from the receiver containing H' within 200ms after sending AKE_Stored_km to the receiver and compares H' against H. If the HDCP Transmitter does not have a km stored corresponding to the Receiver ID, it implements pairing with the HDCP receiver as explained in Section 2.2.1.

Ref-1A-4.

Reference	Requirement	
2.2.1 Pairing	To speed up the AKE process, pairing must be implemented between the	
Page 14	HDCP Transmitter and HDCP Receiver in parallel with AKE. When	
	AKE_No_Stored_km message is received from the transmitter, it is an	
	indication to the receiver that the transmitter does not have k_m stored	
	corresponding to the receiver. In this case, after computing H' , the HDCP	
	Receiver	
	\square Computes 128-bit $k_h = SHA-256(kpriv_{rx})[127:0]$.	

	\square Generates 128-bit $E_{kh}(k_m)$ by encrypting k_m with k_h using AES as
	illustrated in Figure 2.3.
	Asserts PAIRING_AVAILABLE and generates CP_IRQ when
	AKE_Send_Pairing_Info to the transmitter containing the 128-bit
	$E_{kh}(k_m)$ is available for the transmitter to read. This message must be
	available for the transmitter to read within 200ms from the time the
	transmitter begins reading the AKE_Send_H_Prime message
	parameters from the HDCP Receiver.
	☐ The transmitter reads the PAIRING_AVAILABLE status bit in the
	RxStatus register as soon as it receives the CP_IRQ interrupt. If the
	PAIRING_AVAILABLE status bit is set, the transmitter reads the
	AKE_Send_Pairing_Info message.
	On receiving AKE_Send_Pairing_Info message, the HDCP Transmitter may
	persistently store m (which is r_{tx} concatenated with $r_{rx}(r_{tx} r_{rx})$, k_m and $E_{kh}(k_m)$
	along with Receiver ID.
	If AKE_Send_Pairing _Info is not received by the HDCP Transmitter within
	200ms of the reception of AKE_Send_H_prime, authentication fails and the
	authentication protocol is aborted.
	Note: The HDCP Transmitter may store in its non-volatile storage m , k_m , and
	$E_{kh}(k_m)$ along with corresponding Receiver IDs of all HDCP Receivers with
	which pairing was implemented by the HDCP Transmitter.
D-144 E	

Ref-1A-5.

Reference	Requirement	
2.3 Locality Check Page 18	 Requirement Locality check is performed after AKE and pairing. The HDCP Transmitter initiates locality check by sending a 64-bit pseudo-random nonce r₁ to the downstream receiver. Initiates locality check by sending LC_Init message containing a 64-bit pseudo-random nonce r₁ to the HDCP Receiver. Sets its watchdog timer to 7ms. Locality check fails if the watchdog timer expires before LC_Send_L_prime message is received. The HDCP transmitter must not attempt to read LC_Send_L_Prime sooner than 7ms after writing the AKE_Stored_Km_msg. If the LC_Send_L_prime msg is not available for the transmitter to read within 7ms, locality check fails and the transmitter aborts the authentication protocol. Computes L = HMAC-SHA256(r₁, kd XOR r₁x) where HMAC-SHA256 is computed over r₁ and the key used for HMAC is kd XOR r₁x, where r₁x is XORed with the least-significant 64-bits of kd. On receiving LC_Send_L_prime message, compares L and L'. Locality check fails if L is not equal to L'. 	
State A2:	State A2: Locality Check. In this state, the HDCP Transmitter implements the	
Locality Check	locality check as explained in Section 2.3 with the HDCP Receiver.	

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Page 28	

Ref-1A-6.

Reference	Requirement
2.4 Session Key Exchange Page 16	Successful completion of AKE and locality check stages affirms to HDCP Transmitter that the HDCP Receiver is authorized to receive HDCP Content. Session Key Exchange (SKE) is initiated by the HDCP Transmitter after a successful locality check. The HDCP Transmitter sends encrypted Session Key to the HDCP Receiver at least 200ms before enabling HDCP Encryption and beginning the transmission of HDCP Content. HDCP Encryption may be enabled 200ms after the transmission of the encrypted Session Key to the HDCP Receiver and at no time prior. Content encrypted with the Session Key k_s starts to flow between the HDCP Transmitter and HDCP Receiver. HDCP Encryption must be enabled only after successful completion of AKE, locality check and SKE stages. During SKE, the HDCP Transmitter • Generates a pseudo-random 128-bit session key k_s and 64-bit pseudo-random number r_{iv} . • Performs key derivation as explained in Section 2.7 to generate 128-bit dkey ₂ where dkey ₂ is the derived key when ctr=2. • Computes 128-bit $E_{dkey}(k_s) = k_s$ XOR (dkey ₂ XOR r_{rx}), where r_{rx} is XORed with the least-significant 64-bits of dkey ₂ . • Sends SKE_Send_Eks message containing $E_{dkey}(k_s)$ and r_{iv} to the HDCP Receiver.
State A3: Exchange k_s Page 29	State A3: Exchange k_s . The HDCP Transmitter sends encrypted Session Key, $E_{dkey}(k_s)$, and r_{iv} to the HDCP Receiver as part of the SKE_Send_Eks message. It may enable HDCP Encryption 200ms after sending encrypted Session Key. HDCP Encryption must be enabled only after successful completion of AKE, locality check and SKE stages. If the attached HDCP receiver is not an HDCP repeater, the HDCP transmitter also writes the Type value corresponding to the content stream to be transmitted to the HDCP receiver at least 200ms before enabling HDCP Encryption. HDCP Encryption may be enabled 200ms after the transmission of the encrypted session key and Type value to the HDCP receiver and at no time prior. Type value is written only to HDCP receivers that are not HDCP repeaters.

Ref-1A-7.

Reference	Requirement
Transition Any State:	Transition Any State: H0. Reset conditions at the HDCP Transmitter or
Н0.	disconnect of the connected HDCP capable receiver cause the HDCP
Page 27	Transmitter to enter the No Receiver Attached state.

Transition H0:H1.	Transition H0:H1. The detection of a sink device (through Receiver
Page 27	Connected Indication) indicates to the transmitter that a sink device is
	connected and ready to display the received content. When the receiver is no longer active, the transmitter is notified through Receiver Disconnected
	Indication.

Ref-1A-8.

Reference	Requirement
Transition A1:H1	Transition A1:H1. This transition occurs on failure of signature verification
Page 28	on cert _{rx} , failure of SRM integrity check, if Receiver ID of the connected HDCP
	Device is in the revocation list or if there is a mismatch between H and H' .
	This transition also occurs if AKE_Send_H_prime message is not received
	within one second after sending AKE_No_Stored_km or within 200ms after
	sending AKE_Stored_km to the receiver.
Transition A1:A2	Transition A1:A2. The HDCP Transmitter implements locality check after
Page 28	successful completion of AKE and pairing.

Ref-1A-9.

Reference	Requirement
2.3 Locality Check	In the case of a locality check failure due to expiration of the watchdog timer
Page 16	or due to mismatch of L and L' (or the most significant 128-bits of L and L') at the HDCP Transmitter, locality check may be reattempted by the HDCP Transmitter for a maximum of 1023 additional attempts (for a maximum allowed 1024 total trials) with the transmission of an LC_Init message containing a new r_n . Failure of locality check on the first attempt and subsequent zero or more reattempts results in an authentication failure and the authentication protocol is aborted.
Transition A2: H1	Transition A2:H1. This transition occurs on one or more consecutive locality
Page 28	check failures. Locality check fails when L' (or the most significant 128-bits
	of L') is not received within 7ms and the watchdog timer at the HDCP
	Transmitter expires or on a mismatch between L and L' (or the most
	significant 128-bits of L').

Ref-1A-10.

Reference	Requirement
3.4 Encryption Status	When encryption is enabled, BS and SR control symbols are replaced by CPBS
Signaling in SST Mode	and CPSR control symbols respectively.
Page 58	In the SST mode, detection of SR indicates that encryption is disabled and
	detection of CPSR indicates that encryption is enabled.
	Following the transmission or detection of CPSR, the HDCP Cipher is clocked
	as explained in Section 3.1 and the resulting key stream bits are used to
	encrypt the data symbols following the CPSR as explained in Section 3.2. The
	HDCP Cipher is not clocked when HDCP Encryption is disabled.

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3.1 Data Encryption	When HDCP Encryption is applied to a timeslot in the MST mode or when
	HDCP Encryption is enabled in the SST mode, all data symbols(Including
	video data, secondary data and dummy symbols) must be encrypted and K-
	codes must not be encrypted. Section 3.3 and 3.4 explains in detail the
	encryption signaling protocol that is used to enable/disable HDCP
	Encryption.

Ref-1A-11.

Reference	Requirement
2.6.2 Link Integrity	To Perform link integrity check in SST mode, Bit 5 of VB-ID is used to transmit
Check in SST Mode	a known 16-bit pattern, 0x531F, from the transmitter to the receiver one bit
Page 24	at a time. This pattern is referred to as LINK_VERIFICATION_PATTERN. The
	VB-ID is transmitted on all lanes after every BS/SR/CPBS/CPSR symbol, as
	described in Display-port specification. A link integrity failure is determined
	to have occurred if three consecutive pattern mismatches at the receiver (in
	16*3=48 VB-ID transmissions) are detected within two successive frame
	periods.
	On Detecting an unrecoverable loss of cipher synchronization the HDCP
	Receiver must assert the LINK_INTEGRITY_FAILURE bit in the RXStatus
	register and generate a CP_IRQ interrupt. On receiving a CP_IRQ interrupt,
	the HDCP transmitter must disable HDCP encryption at the CPSR/SR
	transmission boundary as soon as feasible after receiving the CP_IRQ
	interrupt from the HDCP Receiver if the LINK_INTEGRITY bit is set and must
	initiate re-authentication with the transmission of a new AKE_INIT message.

Ref-1B. Downstream procedure with Repeater

Ref-1B-1.

Reference	Requirement
Transition A7:A8 Page 29	Transition A7:A8. This transition occurs on successful verification of the most significant 128-bits of <i>V</i> and <i>V'</i> , none of the reported <i>Receiver IDs</i> are in the current revocation list, the HDCP Transmitter does not detect a roll-over of seq_num_V and the downstream topology does not exceed specified maximum.
Transition A8:A9 page 29	Transition A8:A9. This transition occurs after the RepeaterAuth_Send_Ack message has been written to the repeater.

Ref-1B-2.

Reference	Requirement
Reference Section 2.5 Authentication with Repeaters Page 19-20	After transmitting the SKE_Send_Eks message, the HDCP Transmitter, having determined that REPEATER received earlier in the protocol is set, sets a three second watchdog timer and polls the HDCP Repeater's READY status bit in Rxstatus register and wait for CP_IRQ interrupt. If READY is set, transmitter reads the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message. If the asserted READY status and CP_IRQ is not received by the HDCP Transmitter within a maximum-permitted time of three seconds after transmitting SKE_Send_Eks message, authentication of the HDCP Repeater fails. With this failure, the HDCP Transmitter disables HDCP Encryption and aborts the authentication protocol with the HDCP Repeater. The HDCP Repeater makes available the most significant 128-bits of V' for the transmitter to read as part of the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message. Whenever the HDCP Transmitter reads the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message, it verifies the integrity of the Receiver ID list by computing V and comparing the most significant 128-bits of V and V'. If the values do not match, authentication fails, the authentication Protocol is aborted and HDCP Encryption is disabled. On successful verification of Receiver ID list and topology information, i.e. if the values match, none of the reported Receiver IDs are in the current revocation list (in the case of the most upstream HDCP Transmitter), the HDCP Transmitter does not detect a roll-over of seq_num_V, the downstream topology does not exceed specified maximums (explained below), the HDCP Transmitter (including downstream port of HDCP Repeater) writes the least significant 128-bits of V to the HDCP Repeater as part of the RepeaterAuth_Send_Ack message. Every RepeaterAuth_Send_Ack message from the transmitter must be followed by a RepeaterAuth_Send_Ack message from the transmitter to repeater on successful verification of Receiver ID list and topology information by the transmitter.
Transition A6:H1 page 29	Transition A6:H1 The watchdog timer expires before the READY has been asserted by the repeater followed by CP_IRQ.

Ref-1B-3.

Reference	Requirement

Section 2.5	HDCP Repeaters must be capable of supporting DEVICE_COUNT values of up
Authentication with	to
Repeaters Page 21	31 and DEPTH values of up to 4. If the computed DEVICE_COUNT for an HDCP
	Repeater exceeds 31, the error is referred to as MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED error.
	The repeater sets MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED bit to one in the
	RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message. If the computed DEPTH for an
	HDCP Repeater exceeds four, the error is referred to as
	MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED error. The repeater sets
	MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED bit to one in the
	RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message. When an HDCP
	Repeater receives a MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED or a MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED
	error from a downstream HDCP Repeater, it must propagate the error to the
	Upstream HDCP Transmitter and assert the READY bit and assert the CP_IRQ
	interrupt.
	If a transmitter receives these errors, it must not read the most significant
	128-bits of V', Receiver ID list and seq_num_V from the HDCP Repeater
	since the HDCP Repeater will not include these fields in the
	RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message. Authentication fails if the
	Topology maximums are exceeded. HDCP Encryption is disabled and the
	Authentication protocol is aborted.
T 47.14	
Transition A7:H1	Transition A7:H1 . This transition is made if a mismatch occurs between the
Page 29	most significant 128-bits of <i>V</i> and <i>V'</i> . This transition is also made if any of the
	Receiver IDs in the Receiver ID list are found in the current revocation list or
	the HDCD Transmitter detects a rell over of sea, num. I/ A
	the HDCP Transmitter detects a roll-over of seq_num_V. A
	MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED or MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED error also causes this transition.
	transition.
	1

Ref-1B-4.

Reference	Requirement
Section 2.5	After transmitting the SKE_Send_Eks message, the HDCP Transmitter, having
Authentication with	determined that REPEATER received earlier in the protocol is set, sets a three
Repeaters	second watchdog timer and polls the HDCP Repeater's READY status bit and
Pg 24	if
	it's set, along with a non-zero Message_Size, reads the
	RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message. If the asserted READY status
	is
	not received by the HDCP Transmitter within a maximum-permitted time of
	three seconds after transmitting SKE_Send_Eks message, authentication of
	the

	HDCP Repeater fails. With this failure, the HDCP Transmitter disables HDCP
	Encryption and aborts the authentication protocol with the HDCP Repeater.
	When READY is set and the CP IRQ interrupt asserted, the HDCP Transmitter
	reads the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message. The HDCP Repeater
	makes available the most significant 128-bits of V' for the transmitter to read
	as part of the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message. Whenever the
	HDCP Transmitter reads the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message, it
	verifies the integrity of the Receiver ID list by computing V and comparing
	the most significant 128-bits of V and V' . If the values do not match,
	authentication fails, the authentication protocol is aborted and HDCP
	Encryption is disabled.
	On successful verification of Receiver ID list and topology information, i.e. if
	the values match, none of the reported <i>Receiver IDs</i> are in the current
	revocation list (in the case of the most upstream HDCP Transmitter), the
	HDCP
	Transmitter does not detect a roll-over of seq_num_V, the downstream
	topology does not exceed specified maximums (explained below), the HDCP
	Transmitter (including downstream port of HDCP Repeater) writes the least
	significant 128-bits of V to the HDCP Repeater as part of the
	RepeaterAuth_Send_Ack message. Every
	RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List
	message from the repeater to the transmitter must be followed by a
	RepeaterAuth_Send_Ack message from the transmitter to repeater on
	successful verification of Receiver ID list and topology information by the
	transmitter.
Transition A7:A8	Transition A7:H1 . This transition occurs on successful verification of the
Page 29	most
	significant 128-bits of <i>V</i> and <i>V'</i> , none of the reported <i>Receiver IDs</i> are in the
	current revocation list, the HDCP Transmitter does not detect a roll-over of
	seq_num_V and the downstream topology does not exceed specified
	maximum.

Ref-1B-5.

Reference	Requirement
Section 2.5.2	The HDCP Transmitter propagates Content Stream management
Downstream	information,
Propagation of	which includes Type value assigned to the Content Stream, using the
Content Stream	RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message to the attached HDCP Repeater.
Management	The
Information	HDCP Transmitter executes this step after successful completion of Session
Pg 22	Key

Page 123 of 132

	Exchange and before beginning the transmission of a Content Stream after HDCP Encryption to the HDCP Repeater. The RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message from an HDCP Transmitter to the attached HDCP Repeater identifies any restriction, as specified by the Upstream Content Control Function, on the transmission of the Content Stream to specific devices. A Type value is assigned to the Content Stream by the most upstream HDCP Transmitter based on instructions received from the Upstream Content Control Function. The exact mechanism used by the Upstream Content Control Function to instruct the HDCP Transmitter is outside the scope of this specification. Type 0 Content Stream (see Section 4.2.12) may be transmitted by the HDCP Repeater to all HDCP Devices. Type 1 Content Stream (see Section 4.2.12) must not be transmitted by the HDCP Repeater through its HDCP-protected Interface Ports connected to HDCP 1.x-compliant Devices and HDCP 2.0-compliant Repeaters. The HDCP Transmitter must write the RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message specifying Type value assigned to the Content Stream, to the attached HDCP Repeater at least 100ms before the transmission of the corresponding Content Stream after HDCP Encryption. The HDCP Transmitter must only send the RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message corresponding to the encrypted Content Stream it will transmit to the HDCP Repeater. The HDCP Transmitter initializes seq_num_M to 0 at the beginning of the HDCP Session i.e. after AKE_Init is sent. On receiving the RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message, the HDCP Repeater computes M' as given below. HMAC-SHA256 is computed over the concatenation of StreamID_Type (see Section 4.2.12) and seq_num_M values received as part of the RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message. All values are in big-endian order. The key used for HMAC is SHA256(kd).
	in big-endian order. The key used for HMAC is SHA256(kd).
Section 2.5.2 Downstream Propagation of Content Stream	The RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready message must be available for the transmitter to read within 100ms from the time the transmitter finishes writing the RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message parameters to the HDCP

Management	
Information	
Page 23	

Receiver. Every RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message from the transmitter

to the repeater must be followed by a RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready message

from the repeater to the transmitter.

When the RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready message is read, the HDCP Transmitter verifies the integrity of the message by computing M and comparing this value to M'. If M is equal to M', the HDCP Transmitter may transmit the Content Stream identified in the corresponding

RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message. If the

RepeaterAuth_Stream_Ready

message is not available for the transmitter to read within 100 ms or if M is not

equal to M', the HDCP Transmitter must not transmit the Content Stream identified in the corresponding RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message. An HDCP Repeater connected to an HDCP 1.x-compliant Transmitter will not receive the RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message from the transmitter. In this case, the HDCP Repeater must assign a Type value of 0x00 to all Content Streams received from the HDCP Transmitter.

The HDCP Repeater must in turn propagate the received Content Stream management information using the RepeaterAuth_Stream_Manage message further downstream.

Ref-2. Receiver

Ref-2C. Upstream procedure with Transmitter

Ref-2C-1.

Reference	Requirement
Transition Any	Transition Any State: HO. Reset conditions at the HDCP Transmitter or
State:H0	disconnect of the connected HDCP capable receiver cause the HDCP
Page 27	Transmitter to enter the No Receiver Attached state.
Transition H0:H1	Transition H0:H1. The detection of a sink device (through Receiver
Page 27	Connected Indication) indicates to the transmitter that a sink device is
	connected and ready to display the received content. When the receiver is
	no longer active, the transmitter is notified through Receiver Disconnected
	Indication.

Ref-2C-2.

Reference	Requirement
State B1:Compute k _m	State B1: Compute k_m. In this state, the HDCP Receiver makes the
Page 31	AKE_Send_Cert message available for reading by the transmitter in response to AKE_Init If AKE_No_Stored_km is received, it decrypts km with kprivrx, calculates H'. It sends AKE_Send_H_prime message immediately after computation of H' to ensure that the message is received by the transmitter within the specified one second timeout at the transmitter. If AKE_Stored_km is received, the HDCP Receiver decrypts Ekh(km) to derive km and calculates H'. It makes AKE_Send_H_prime message available for reading immediately after computation of H' to ensure that the message is received by the transmitter within the specified 200ms timeout at the transmitter. If AKE_No_Stored_km is received, this is an indication to the HDCP Receiver that the HDCP Transmitter does not contain a km stored corresponding to its Receiver ID. It implements pairing with the HDCP Transmitter as explained in Section 2.2.1.
Transition H0:H1	Transition H0:H1. The detection of a sink device (through Receiver
Page 27	Connected Indication) indicates to the transmitter that a sink device is connected and ready to display the received content. When the receiver is no longer active, the transmitter is notified through Receiver Disconnected Indication.

Ref-2C-3.

Reference	Requirement
Section 2.2	Reads AKE_Send_Cert from the receiver containing certrx, a 64-bit pseudo-
Authentication and	random value (rrx) and RxCaps. REPEATER bit in RxCaps indicates whether
Key Exchange	the
Page 12	connected receiver is an HDCP Repeater. If REPEATER is set to one, it

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	indicates
	the receiver is an HDCP Repeater. If REPEATER is zero, the receiver is not an
	HDCP Repeater.
Section 4.2.2	The HDCP Receiver sets REPEATER to 'true' if it is an HDCP Repeater and
AKE_Send_Cert (Read)	'false' if it is an HDCP Receiver that is not an HDCP Repeater. When
Page 50 and 62	REPEATER = 'true', the HDCP Receiver supports downstream connections as
	permitted by the Digital Content Protection LLC license. This bit does not
	change while the HDCP receiver is active.

Ref-2C-4.

Reference	Requirement
State A2: Locality	State A2: Locality Check. In this state, the HDCP Transmitter implements the
Check	locality check as explained in Section 2.3 with the HDCP Receiver.
Page 28	
Transition A2:H1	Transition A2:H1. This transition occurs on one or more consecutive locality
Page 28	check failures. Locality check fails when the last byte of the
	LC_Send_L_prime
	message is not received by the transmitter within 20ms and the watchdog
	timer at the HDCP Transmitter expires or on a mismatch between L and L'.

Ref-3. Repeater

Ref-3C Upstream procedure with Transmitter

Ref-3C-1.

Reference	Requirement
Section 2.5	HDCP Repeaters must be capable of supporting DEVICE_COUNT values of up
Authenticating with	to
Repeaters	31 and DEPTH values of up to 4. If the computed DEVICE_COUNT for an
Page 20	HDCP
	Repeater exceeds 31, the error is referred to as MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED error. The repeater sets MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED bit to one in the
	RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message. If the computed DEPTH for an
	HDCP Repeater exceeds four, the error is referred to as
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED error. The repeater sets
	MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED
	bit to one in the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message. When an HDCP
	Repeater receives a MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED or a MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED
	error from a downstream HDCP Repeater, it must propagate the error to the
	upstream HDCP Transmitter and assert the READY bit and assert the CP_IRQ
	interrupt. If a transmitter receives these errors, it must not read the most
	significant 128-bits of V', Receiver ID list and seq_num_V from the HDCP
	Repeater since the HDCP Repeater will not
	include these fields in the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message.

Ref-3C-2.

Reference	Requirement
Section 2.5	The HDCP Repeater propagates topology information upward through the
Authenticating with	connection tree to the HDCP Transmitter. An HDCP Repeater reports the
Repeaters	topology status variables DEVICE_COUNT, and DEPTH. The DEVICE_COUNT
Page 19	for an HDCP Repeater is equal to the total number of connected
	downstream HDCP Receiver and HDCP Repeaters. The value is calculated as
	the sum of the number of directly connected downstream HDCP Receiver
	and HDCP Repeaters plus the sum of the DEVICE_COUNT received from all
	connected HDCP Repeaters. The DEPTH status for an HDCP Repeater is
	equal to the maximum number of connection levels below any of the
	downstream HDCP-protected Interface Ports. The value is calculated as the
	maximum DEPTH reported from downstream HDCP Repeaters plus one
	(accounting for the connected HDCP Repeater).

Ref-3C-3.

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Reference	Requirement
Section 2.5.1	When an HDCP Receiver (including HDCP Repeater) is newly connected to
Topology Information	the
Propagation Due to	HDCP Repeater or when a connected, active HDCP Receiver with which the
Topology Changes	HDCP Repeater has successfully completed the authentication protocol is
Page 19	disconnected from the HDCP Repeater, the HDCP Repeater asserts the
	READY status bit and the CP_IRQ interrupt and must make the
	RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message available for the upstream
	HDCP
	Transmitter to read. The RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message must
	include the Receiver IDs of all connected and active downstream HDCP
	Receivers with which the HDCP Repeater has successfully completed the
	authentication protocol. This enables upstream propagation of the most
	recent topology information after changes to the topology without
	interrupting the transmission of HDCP Content.
Section 2.5.1	This stage is implemented after successful completion of Session Key
Upstream	Exchange. This stage is used to assemble the latest topology information at
Propagation of	the beginning of the HDCP Session immediately following an SKE or on
Topology Information	subsequent changes to the topology due to connect or disconnect of an
Page 17	HDCP Receiver or HDCP Repeater

Ref-3C-4.

Reference	Requirement
Section 2.10 HDCP	When the upstream HDCP-protected interface port of the HDCP Repeater is
Repeater State	in an unauthenticated state, it signals the detection of an active downstream
Diagrams	HDCP Receiver to the upstream HDCP Transmitter in one of the following
Page 32	ways.
	The HDCP Repeater must generate the CONNECTION_STATUS_NOTIFY
	message to indicate plug of an active HDCP Receiver when the most
	upstream HDCP transmitter is capable of operating in the MST mode. It must
	pulse IRQ_HPD when the most upstream HDCP Transmitter is capable of
	operating only in the SST mode(SST-capable only) and has enabled IRQ_HPD
	are collectively referred to as Receiver connected Indication in this
	specification.
	Hot Unplug is referred to as Receiver Disconnected Indication in this specification.
	Whenever authentication is initiated by the upstream HDCP Transmitter by
	sending AKE_Init, the HDCP Repeater immediately initiates authentication
	on all its downstream HDCP-protected interface ports if its downstream
	ports are in an unauthenticated state.
	The HDCP Repeater may cache the latest Receiver ID list and topology
	information received from its downstream ports. Whenever authentication
	is attempted by the upstream transmitter by sending AKE_Init, the HDCP

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	Repeater may propagate the cached Receiver ID list upstream without
	initiating a re-authentication on all its downstream ports.
State CO:	State CO: Unauthenticated. The device is idle, awaiting the reception of
Unauthenticated.	AKE_Init from the HDCP Transmitter to trigger the authentication protocol.
Page 39	If a transition in to this state occurred from State C5, when State C5 is
	implemented in parallel with State C8, or from State C6, the HDCP Repeater
	must set the REAUTH_REQ status bit in the RxStatus register and assert
	CP_IRQ interrupt.
Section 2.10 HDCP	If an HDCP Repeater has no active downstream HDCP Devices, it must
Repeater State	authenticate as an HDCP Receiver with REPEATER bit set to zero if it wishes
diagrams	to receive HDCP Content, but must not pass HDCP Content to downstream
Page 33	devices.
	When the upstream HDCP-protected Interface Port of the HDCP Repeater
	transition in to an unauthenticated state from an authenticated state(See
	Transition C5:C0 and Transition C6:C0 in Section 2.10.3), the HDCP Repeater
	must set the REAUTH_REQ status bit in the RxStatus register and assert
	CP_IRQ interrupt. If the upstream HDCP Transmitter receives a CP_IRQ
	interrupt with REAUTH_REQ status bit set, it may initiate re-authentication
	with the HDCP Repeater with the transmission of a new AKE_Init message.

Ref-3C-5.

Reference	Requirement
Section 2.5.1	HDCP Repeaters assemble the list of all connected downstream HDCP
Upstream	Receivers as the downstream HDCP-protected Interface Ports of the HDCP
Propagation	Repeater successfully complete the authentication protocol with connected
of Topology	HDCP Receivers. The list is represented by a contiguous set of bytes, with
Information	each Receiver ID occupying five bytes stored in big-endian order. The total
Page 18	length of the Receiver ID list is five bytes times the total number of
	connected and active downstream HDCP Devices, including downstream
	HDCP Repeaters, with which the HDCP Repeater has successfully completed
	the authentication protocol. This total number is represented in the
	RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message by the DEVICE_COUNT value.
	An HDCP-protected Interface Port with no active device connected adds
	nothing to the list. Also, the <i>Receiver ID</i> of the HDCP Repeater itself at any
	level is not included in its own Receiver ID list. An HDCP-protected Interface
	Port connected to an HDCP Receiver that is not an HDCP Repeater adds the
	Receiver ID of the connected HDCP Receiver to the list. HDCP-protected
	Interface Ports that have an HDCP Repeater connected add the Receiver ID
	list received from the connected downstream HDCP Repeater plus the
	Receiver ID of the connected HDCP Repeater itself.
Transition F1:P1	Transition F1:P1. This transition occurs on failure of signature verification on
Page 36	$cert_{rx}$ or if there is a mismatch between H and H'. This transition also occurs
	if AKE_Send_H_prime message is not received one second after sending

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	AKE_No_Stored_km or within 200ms after sending AKE_Stored_km to the receiver.
Transition F2:P1 Page 36	Transition F2:P1. This transition occurs on one or more consecutive locality check failures. Locality check fails when L' (or the most significant 128-bits of L') is not received within 7ms and the watchdog timer at the downstream side expires or on a mismatch between L and L' (or the most significant 128-bits of L').
Transition F6:P1	Transition F6:P1. The watchdog timer expires before READY has been
Page 37	asserted by the repeater.
Transition F7:P1 Page 37	Transition F7:P1. This transition is made if a mismatch occurs between the most significant 128-bits of V and V'. This transition is also made if the downstream side detects a roll-over of seq_num_V. A MAX_CASCADE_EXCEEDED or MAX_DEVS_EXCEEDED error also causes this transition.

Ref-3C-6.

Reference	Requirement
Section 2.10 HDCP	If an HDCP Repeater has no active downstream HDCP Devices, it must
Repeater State	authenticate as an HDCP Receiver with REPEATER bit set to zero if it wishes
Diagrams	to
Page 33	receive HDCP Content, but must not pass HDCP Content to downstream
	devices

Ref-3C-7.

Reference	Requirement
Section 2.5.1 Upstream Propagation	The HDCP Repeater initializes <code>seq_num_V</code> to 0 at the beginning of the HDCP Session i.e. after AKE_Init is received. It is incremented by one after the transmission of every RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List message.
of Topology Information Page 19	seq_num_V must never be reused during an HDCP Session for the computation of V (or V'). If seq_num_V rolls over, the HDCP Transmitter must detect the roll-over in the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List read from the HDCP Repeater and the transmitter must disable HDCP Encryption if encryption is enabled, restart authentication by the transmission of a new AKE_Init
	message

Ref-3C-8.

Reference	Requirement
State C5: Assemble	If any downstream port connected to an HDCP Repeater detects the
Receiver ID List	HDCP2_0_REPEATER_DOWNSTREAM or HDCP1_DEVICE_DOWNSTREAM bits
Page 40	read from the repeater to be set to one, the upstream side sets the
	corresponding bits to one in the RxInfo field which is read by the upstream
	HDCP Transmitter as part of the RepeaterAuth_Send_ReceiverID_List

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